

Photo by: Tonya Miller

Comprehensive Annual Financial Report Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2010

Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2010

(With Independent Auditors' Report Thereon)

Prepared by

Department of Finance

### **Table of Contents**

	Page(s)
Introduction Section	
Transmittal Letter	i – iv
GFOA Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting	v
Organizational Chart	vi
Principal Executive Officers	vii
Financial Section	
Independent Auditors' Report	1 – 2
Management Discussion and Analysis (MD&A)	3 – 13
Basic Financial Statements: Statement of Net Assets	14
Statement of Activities	15
Governmental Funds: Balance Sheet Reconciliation of Net Assets between the Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities	16 17 18 19
Major Governmental Funds:	
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Original and Final Budget and Actual: General Fund 1% Sales Tax Special Revenue Fund	20 21
Proprietary Funds: Statement of Net Assets Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Assets Statement of Cash Flows	22 23 24 - 25
Notes to Financial Statements	26 - 52

## **Table of Contents**

		Page(s)
Additional Supplementary Information:		
Nonmajor Governmental Funds: Combining Balance Sheet		53
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes i	n Fund Balance	54
Special Revenue Funds: Bed Tax Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in F Actual	und Balance – Budget and	d 55
Nonmajor Enterprise Funds: Combining Statement of Net Assets		56
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fu	und Net Assets	57
Combining Statement of Cash Flows		58
Statistical Section	Table	
Net Assets by Component	1	59
Changes in Net Assets	2	60 - 61
Governmental Activities Tax Revenues by Source	3	62
Fund Balances of Governmental Funds	4	63
Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds	5	64
Governmental Expenditures	6	65
General Governmental Tax Revenues by Source	7	66
Assessed and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property	8	67
Property Tax Rates	9	68
Principal Real Property Taxpayers	10	69

## **Table of Contents**

		Page(s)
Principal Electric Utility Customers	11	70
Property Tax Levies and Collections	12	71
Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type	13	72
Ratios of General Bonded Debt Outstanding Last Ten Fiscal Years	14	73
Direct Governmental Activities Debt	15	74
Legal Debt Margin Information	16	75
Pledged-Revenue Coverage	17	76
Demographic Statistics	18	77
Principal Employers	19	78
Full-time Equivalent City Government Employees by Function	20	79
Operating Indicators by Function	21	80
Capital Asset Statistics by Function	22	81

(This page was left blank intentionally)

## **INTRODUCTION SECTION**



UNALASKA, ALASKA 99685-0610 (907) 581-1251 FAX (907) 581-1417



December 14, 2010

The Honorable Mayor, Members of the City Council, and Citizens of the City of Unalaska:

State law requires that all cities annually publish a complete set of financial statements presented in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) and audited in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards by a firm of licensed certified public accountants. Pursuant to that requirement, we hereby issue the comprehensive annual financial report of the City of Unalaska, Alaska for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2010.

Management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of the information contained in this report, based upon a comprehensive framework of internal control that it has established for this purpose. Because the cost of internal control should not exceed anticipated benefits, the objective is to provide reasonable, rather than absolute, assurance that the financial statements are free of any material misstatements.

KPMG, Certified Public Accountants, has issued an unqualified (clean) opinion on the City of Unalaska's financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2010. The independent auditor's report is located at the front of the financial section of this report. The independent audit of the financial statements of the City of Unalaska was part of a broader, state-mandated "Single Audit" designed to meet the special needs of state grantor agencies. The standards governing Single Audit engagements require the independent auditor to report not only on the fair presentation of the financial statements, but also on the audited government's internal controls and compliance with legal requirements, with special emphasis on internal controls and legal requirements involving the administration of state awards. These reports are available in the City of Unalaska's separately issued Single Audit Report.

Management's discussion and analysis (MD&A) immediately follows the independent auditor's report and provides a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis of the basic financial statements. MD&A complements this letter of transmittal and should be read in conjunction with it.

#### **Profile of the Government**

The City of Unalaska, incorporated as a first class city in 1942, is located on an island within an archipelago in the southwestern part of the state. The Bering Sea to the north is considered to have one of the most productive fisheries in the country. Located nearly 800 miles from Anchorage, the City of Unalaska, which serves a population of 3,662, currently occupies an area of 215 square miles, of which 46% is seawater. The City of Unalaska is empowered to levy a property tax on both real and personal properties located within its boundaries. It also is empowered by state statute to extend its corporate limits

by annexation, which occurs periodically when deemed appropriate by the governing council. Annexation authority was exercised once in 1986.

The City of Unalaska has operated under the council-manager form of government since 1968. Policy-making and legislative authority are vested in a city council consisting of the mayor and six other members. The city council is responsible for, among other things, passing ordinances, adopting the budget, appointing committees, and hiring the city manager. The city manager is responsible for carrying out the policies and ordinances of the city council, for overseeing the day-to-day operations of the government, and for appointing the heads of the various departments. Council members are elected to serve three-year, staggered terms, with two council members elected every year. The mayor is also elected to serve a three-year term. The mayor and council members are all elected at large.

The City of Unalaska provides a full range of services including the following: police and fire protection; emergency medical services; the construction and maintenance of highways, streets, and other infrastructure; recreational activities and cultural events; electrical, water, wastewater, and landfill services; port, harbor, and airport terminal services; and limited housing for city employees. The City of Unalaska also is financially accountable for a legally separate school district, which is reported separately within the City of Unalaska's financial statements. Additional information on the Unalaska City School District can be found in note 1(a).

The council is required to hold public hearings on the proposed budget and to adopt a final budget by no later than June 30, the close of the City of Unalaska's fiscal year. This annual budget serves as the foundation for the City of Unalaska's financial planning and control. The appropriated budget is prepared by fund, function (e.g., public safety) and department (e.g. police). The city manager is authorized to transfer appropriations within a function. Transfers of appropriations between functions, however, require the special approval of the city council.

#### **Local Economy**

With continued well-managed fisheries in the Federal and State waters of the Bering Sea/Aleutian Islands (BSAI), the City of Unalaska, which has been active in the effort of supporting the best science practices and achievements for continued sustainability of those BSAI fisheries, will be able to maintain strong fishery-related revenues in future years.

Unalaska is the number one fishing port in the nation in terms of quantity of fish landed and has been for 20 straight years. According to the 2009 report by the National Marine Fishery Service, a catch of 506.3 million pounds of fish was landed in Unalaska in 2009. These deliveries were worth slightly more than \$159 million dollars in 2009, positioning us in the number two slot in the US for income derived from fishing. Fifty-five percent of the nation's fish resources are harvested and processed in the State of Alaska. Unalaska's local processing plants handle 13% of the state's landings. Because our economy centers on a single industry, seafood, we must deal with a tax base that is subject to change based on fluctuations in fishery harvest levels. One mitigating factor to revenue volatility is the sustainability and good management of the fishery resources in the BSAI waters. In addition, the intentional portioning of rationalized fisheries allow fishing seasons throughout the year and provides continuous annual processing that ensures revenues derived from state shared and local seafood taxes are paid to the City on a steady basis.

Processed seafood products are sold both domestically and internationally. As much as 60% of our fish products are exported, and as a consequence, changes in fisheries and markets around the world affect our local economy. For example, the decline of Atlantic cod stock has resulted in an increased demand both domestically and internationally for Pollock fillets and Cod fillets from Alaska. A large percentage of our local seafood products is sold on the Japanese market, as well as in Europe and domestically. The extended

recession in Japan has resulted in moderate demand with some improvement seen as the yen exchange rate continues to affect selling prices. In addition, the fact that younger generations of Japanese people do not consume as much surimi has resulted in less demand for the product. However, prices for high grade surimi are anticipated to remain strong. Pollock fillets are more valuable than surimi, and demand for the fillets is expected to remain strong both domestically and in Europe.

Unalaska's economic outlook is tied closely the Bering Sea fisheries. Nearly 95% of our seafood sales tax comes from Pollock, Pacific Cod, Red King Crab, Snow Crab, Halibut, Sablefish, and Brown King Crab. With only one exception, the fisheries in the BSAI are well-managed fisheries with no over-fished ground fish species in the BSAI. The single exception is one species of crab that is listed as over-fished not due to fishery activity, but because of ecosystem changes. Harvest levels for Bering Sea Snow Crab have increased from 37 million pounds harvested in the 2007 season to 49.5 million pounds for the 2010 season and an increase is expected in both allocation and ex-vessel value for the January 2011 season Snow Crab opening. The Bristol Bay Red King Crab stocks have increased from 15 million pounds harvested in 2006 to 15.8 million pounds for the 2009 season. A small decrease is expected in allocation for the 2010 season that opens in October but ex-vessel value should increase over the mid \$4.50 per pound paid in 2009. The Pollock fishery is the nation's largest and most valuable. The quota for the 2010 fishery was 815,000 MT = 1.8 billion pounds with an ex-vessel value of approximately \$2.3 billion dollars at \$0.13 per pound. An increase is expected in the Pollock allocation for the 2011 potentially up to 1.0MMT ex-vessel value should remain stable in 2011.

Federal management of fisheries has come under scrutiny as a result of declining stocks in all but one region, the North Pacific, which includes the Bering Sea/Aleutian Islands Fisheries. Federal regulators are using the successful management practices of the North Pacific Fisheries Management Council as a model to improve management in other fisheries regions. Fisheries in the BSAI region and the Gulf of Alaska are expected to remain sustainable, well-managed, and healthy for the foreseeable future.

#### Long-Term Financial Planning

In continuing efforts to improve budgeting and long-term capital planning, the council, once again, set formal goals before the FY10 budget process and prior to preparing the five-year Capital and Major Maintenance Plan (CMMP). Development of long-term maintenance and replacement schedules for capital assets continue to be developed.

Increasing power generation capacity has been needed for many years. Two five-megawatt generators have been built and are ready for installation in 2010. A C280 Caterpillar (4.4 megawatt) generator has been built as well and will be installed within one year of the operation of the new powerhouse. A four-bay power house is being constructed on the same lot as the existing site. It is estimated that this project will cost \$48 million. The project is financed largely by revenue bonds and partially with a loan from the general fund. The powerhouse is expected to be operational by December, 2010. We are also exploring the island's geothermal potential. Exploration holes are planned to be drilled in the summer of 2011 at an estimated cost of \$3-4 million. The exploration drilling will be financed by the general fund and grants.

Ultraviolet (UV) treatment of wastewater does not meet new permit requirements. Leachate from the landfill has been identified as contributing to the problem. Unfortunately, to meet permit requirements, the five-year-old plant will have to be upgraded to advance primary treatment, which is estimated to cost between \$10 and \$25 million or possibly secondary treatment, which is estimated to cost between \$15 and \$20 million. The anticipated timeline for development of new plant is five to eight years. The City is seeking significant funding from the State of Alaska and the federal government.

Phase 2 of the Landfill Development Plan, which responds to anticipated future landfill needs, is in the design phase. This project involves moving the existing PCB cell to a new location, the construction of two

new cells, moving the road towards the shoreline, and the development of leachate treatment capabilities at the landfill. This project is estimated to cost between \$8 and \$10 million. The City is continuing to research ways of recycling. At this time we are removing monofil items, predominantly fish nets, and metal from the island to increase the life of the landfill. Staff is researching a shredder system to shred tires, cardboard, wood and plastic material. Shredding these materials will facilitate the shipping of the material.

Development of the new Carl E. Moses Boat Harbor at the base of Bunker Hill, in the area known as Little South America, continues to progress after many years of planning. A Feasibility Study and Environmental Impact Statement was approved by the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers (COE). Ultimate development costs range from \$45 to \$50 million with an additional amount for the COE's share which is estimated at approximately \$24 million. Other Federal sources of funding include an EDA grant for \$1.3 million which will assist with the construction of the utilities and road. State sources include a \$5 million revenue bond reimbursement program that has a deadline of June 30, 2012, a \$4 million grant awarded in the State of Alaska's FY06 budget, and a \$1.5 million State of Alaska FY10 grant. The general fund has designated \$5.5 million for this project. An estimated timeline for this project is two to four years. ACOE has completed the dredging, the boat ramp and the rubblemound breakwaters. Construction of the road, utilities and inner harbor development began in the summer of 2010. Construction of the floating breakwaters will begin this fall with an anticipated completion date of July 2012.

The City is developing a road improvement plan to address short-term and long-term improvements for the roads in Unalaska. Road surfacing improvements including pavement, gravel and possibly concrete are being evaluated and a 10-year plan for project funding for new construction and for maintenance will be completed by February 2011.

#### **Pension and Other Post-Employment Benefits**

The City of Unalaska provides pension benefits for all eligible employees through a state-wide plan managed by the State of Alaska's Public Employees Retirement System (PERS). The City of Unalaska has no obligation in connection with employee benefits offered through this plan beyond its annual contractual payment to PERS. The employer contribution rate as of July 1, 2009 was 22%.

Additional information on the City of Unalaska's pension arrangements and post employment benefits can be found on pages 49 - 51.

#### Acknowledgements

The preparation of this report would not have been possible without the efficient and dedicated services of the City of Unalaska staff. We would like to express our appreciation to all who assisted and contributed to the preparation of this report. Credit also must be given to the mayor and the governing council for their support for maintaining the highest standards of professionalism in the management of the City of Unalaska's finances.

Respectfully submitted,

Alles

Chris Hladick City Manager

Gyasnoll

Tonya Miller Finance Director

## Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

## City of Unalaska Alaska

For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2009

A Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting is presented by the Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada to government units and public employee retirement systems whose comprehensive annual financial reports (CAFRs) achieve the highest standards in government accounting and financial reporting.



President

huy K. Enger

Executive Director

## City of Unalaska Organizational Chart



#### PRINCIPAL EXECUTIVE OFFICERS

July 1, 2010

#### Unalaska City Council

- Mayor Council Member Council Member Council Member Council Member Council Member
- City Manager Assistant City Manager City Clerk Finance Director Parks, Culture, & Recreation Director Planning Director Ports & Harbors Director Public Safety Director Public Works Director Public Utilities Director

#### Attorney Auditors

President Clerk/Treasurer Member Member Member

Superintendent Secondary Principal Elementary Principal Business Manager Shirley Marquardt Katherine McGlashan Zac Schasteen Dave Gregory Roger Rowland Dennis Robinson Dick Peck

#### **City Management**

Chris Hladick John Fulton Elizabeth Masoni Tonya Miller Jeff Hawley VACANT Alvin Osterback Jamie Sunderland Nancy Peterson Dan Winters

#### **Special Services**

Hicks, Boyd, Chandler & Falconer KPMG

#### **School Board**

Tammy Pound Sonia Handforth-Kome Tonya Miller Melanie Magnusen Dan Masoni

### **School Officials**

John Conwell Glenn Cole Heather Jones Holly Holman (This page was left blank intentionally)

FINANCIAL SECTION



KPMG LLP Suite 600 701 West Eighth Avenue Anchorage, AK 99501

#### **Independent Auditors' Report**

The Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Unalaska, Alaska:

Ladies and Gentlemen:

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Unalaska, Alaska (the City), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2010, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the City's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We did not audit the financial statements of the discretely presented component unit. Those financial statements were audited by other auditors whose report thereon has been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for the discretely presented component unit is based on the report of the other auditor.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes consideration of internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements, assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, based on our audit and the report of other auditors, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Unalaska, Alaska, as of June 30, 2010, and the respective changes in financial position, and where applicable, cash flows thereof and the respective budgetary comparisons for the general fund and 1% sales special revenue fund for the year then ended in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 14, 2010 on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over



financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

The management's discussion and analysis on pages 3 through 13 is not a required part of the basic financial statements but is supplementary information required by U.S. generally accepted accounting principles. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The accompanying supplementary information, including the introductory section, supplemental information, and statistical tables are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The 2010 supplemental information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The introductory section and statistical tables have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.



December 14, 2010

Management's Discussion and Analysis

June 30, 2010

Management of the City of Unalaska offers readers of the City of Unalaska's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the City of Unalaska for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2010. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in our letter of transmittal, which can be found on pages i - iv of this report.

#### **Financial Highlights**

- The assets of the City of Unalaska exceeded its liabilities at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$281,119,525 (net assets).
- The government's total net assets increased by \$3,319,173 or 1.2%.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, the City of Unalaska's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$55,862,557, which is a decrease of \$20,742,480 over the prior year. Most of this total amount, \$48,363,181, is available for spending at the government's discretion (unreserved fund balance).
- At the end of the current fiscal year, unreserved fund balance for the General Fund was \$35,014,275, or 165.2% of total General Fund expenditures. Over 98% of this amount is designated, as disclosed in note 2.
- The City of Unalaska increased general obligation bonded debt \$5,255,000. These bonds were issued for improvements to the Carl E. Moses Boat Harbor and to refund debt in the amount of \$255,000.

#### **Overview of the Financial Statements**

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the City of Unalaska's basic financial statements. The City of Unalaska's basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements, and 4) federal and state awards. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

#### **Government-wide Financial Statements**

The *government-wide financial statements* are designed to provide a broad overview of the City of Unalaska's finances in a manner similar to that of a private-sector business.

The *statement of net assets* presents information on all of the City of Unalaska's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net assets. Over time, increases or decreases in net assets will serve as indicators of whether the financial position of the City of Unalaska is improving or deteriorating.

The *statement of activities* presents information showing how the government's net assets changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net assets are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, *regardless of the timing of related cash flows*. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City of Unalaska that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (*governmental activities*) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (*business-type*)

Management's Discussion and Analysis

June 30, 2010

*activities*). The governmental activities of the City of Unalaska include general government; public safety; public works; parks, culture and recreation; community support; and education. The business-type activities of the City of Unalaska include electric, water, wastewater, ports and harbors, airport terminal, solid waste, and housing operations.

The government-wide financial statements include not only the City of Unalaska itself (known as the *primary government*), but also the Unalaska City School District (known as *component unit*), a legally separate entity for which the City of Unalaska is financially accountable. Financial information for the *component unit* is reported separately from the financial information presented for the primary government itself.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 14 - 15 of this report.

#### **Fund Financial Statements**

A *fund* is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City of Unalaska, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the City of Unalaska can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and proprietary funds.

#### Governmental Funds

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on *near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources*, as well as on *balances of spendable resources* available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information will be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for *governmental funds* with similar information presented for *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. In so doing, a better understanding of the long-term impact of the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between *governmental funds and governmental activities*.

The City of Unalaska maintains eight individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the General Fund, 1% Sales Tax Special Revenue Fund, and the Major Equipment Capital Project Fund, all of which are considered major funds. Data from the other five governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these nonmajor governmental funds are provided in the form of *combining statements and schedules*, which can be found on pages 53 and 54.

The City of Unalaska adopts an annual appropriated budget for its General Fund. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the General Fund to demonstrate compliance with this budget.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 16 - 21 of this report.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

June 30, 2010

#### **Proprietary Funds**

The City of Unalaska maintains only one type of proprietary fund. *Enterprise funds* are used to report the same functions presented as *business-type activities* in the government-wide financial statements. The City of Unalaska uses enterprise funds to account for its electric, water, wastewater, solid waste, ports and harbors, airport terminal, and housing operations.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for electric, water, and ports and harbors and solid waste, all of which are considered to be major funds of the City of Unalaska. Wastewater, airport terminal, and housing operations are accounted for in separate funds but are not presented as major funds.

The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 22 - 25 of this report.

#### Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 26 - 52 of this report.

#### **Government-wide Financial Analysis**

As noted earlier, net assets may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the City of Unalaska, assets exceeded liabilities by \$281,119,525 at the close of the most recent fiscal year.

#### Management's Discussion and Analysis

June 30, 2010

Over half of the City of Unalaska's net assets 59% reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, machinery, and equipment), less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The City of Unalaska uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the City of Unalaska's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

City of Unalaska Net Assets									
	Governmen	ntal activities	Business-ty	pe activities	Tot	al*			
	2010	2009	2010	2009	2010	2009			
Current and other assets Capital assets	\$ 120,128,962 86,320,665	124,886,679 83,134,990	14,253,601 113,226,198	62,298,228 92,744,240	134,382,563 199,546,863	187,184,907 175,879,230			
Total assets	\$ 206,449,627	208,021,669	127,479,799	155,042,468	333,929,426	363,064,137			
Long-term liabilities Other liabilities	\$ 8,717,308 1,659,833	9,552,132 39,801,557	35,431,053 7,001,708	25,697,592 10,212,504	44,148,361 8,661,541	35,249,724 50,014,061			
Total liabilities	\$ 10,377,141	49,353,689	42,432,761	35,910,096	52,809,902	85,263,785			
Net assets: Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Unrestricted	\$ 78,951,461 60,896,218	74,518,069 84,149,911	86,669,746 54,602,100	67,807,415 51,324,957	165,621,207 115,498,318	142,325,484 135,474,868			
Total net assets	\$ 139,847,679	158,667,980	141,271,846	119,132,372	281,119,525	277,800,352			

\* To facilitate ease of presentation, the total columns do not include the elimination of \$77,547,410 of internal balances.

The balance of *unrestricted net assets*, after eliminations, \$115,498,318, may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors. At the end of the current fiscal year, the City of Unalaska is able to report positive balances in both categories of net assets, both for the government as a whole, and for its separate governmental and business-type activities. The same situation held true for the prior fiscal year.

The government's net assets increased by \$3,319,175 during the current fiscal year. Revenues overall were down 18.1%. The largest area of decrease was in investment earnings (\$3 million), which is mainly due to decreases in sales taxes of approximately \$1.5 million while fisheries taxes decreased by approximately \$2 million.

#### Management's Discussion and Analysis

June 30, 2010

Total expenses were \$4.1 million more than last year. Most functions of the governmental funds had an increase in expenditures while community support and education had a slight decrease. Expenses increased in all of the enterprise funds except Wastewater, which had a substantial decrease, and Housing, which had a modest decrease.

Governmental activities         Total           2010         2009         2010         2009           Revenues:         Program revenues:         Charges for services         5         297,657         316,977         12,434,037         20,373,711         19,731,694         20,690,688           Operating grants and contributions         62,971         -         1,101,802         2,581,907         1,224,773         2,243,773           Ceneral evenues:         -         -         4,296,539         4,256,924         -         -         4,266,531         4,026,0377           Raw seafood tax         3,594,173         4,043,825         -         -         3,594,173         4,043,825           Tiskeries tax         7,093,581         9,075,598         7,03,581         9,075,598         7,073,590         5,270,7569         5,270,7569           Other         2,060,429         5,043,305         5,230,866         5,1396,144         60,416,189           Expenses:         -         -         3,981,480         4,024,735         -         -         3,981,480         4,024,735           Public works         0,366,9593         37,229,323         20,866,851         5,13,061         4,137,105         4,317,210           Expenses: <th></th> <th>City of</th> <th>f Unalaska's Chan</th> <th>ges in Net Assets</th> <th></th> <th></th> <th>Table 2</th>		City of	f Unalaska's Chan	ges in Net Assets			Table 2
Revenues: Charges for services Operating grants and contributions Captul grants and contributions Captrend grant							
$ \begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $		2010	2009	2010	2009	2010	2009
$ \begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	Revenues						
$ \begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $							
$ \begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	5	\$ 297.657	316 977	19 434 037	20 373 711	19 731 694	20 690 688
$ \begin{array}{c cccc} Capital grants and contributions & 62,971 & & 1,161,802 & 2,581,907 & 1,224,773 & 2,581,907 \\ \hline Ceneral revenues: & 4,296,539 & 4,256,924 & & & 4,296,539 & 4,256,924 \\ \hline Ceneral sales tax & 8,862,591 & 10,360,937 & & & 8,862,591 & 10,360,937 \\ \hline Raw seafood tax & 3,594,173 & 4,043,825 & & & 3,594,173 & 4,043,825 \\ \hline Fisheries tax & 7,093,581 & 9,078,598 & & & 3,594,173 & 4,043,825 \\ \hline Total revenues & 2,050,449 & 5,618,305 & 57,320 & 102,550 & 2,707,769 & 5,720,855 \\ \hline Other & 2,008,225 & 2,378,984 & (39,468) & 28,698 & 1.968,757 & 2,407,682 \\ \hline Total revenues & 30,569,593 & 37,329,323 & 20,826,551 & 23,086,866 & 51,396,144 & 60,416,189 \\ \hline Expenses: & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & &$			)	· · ·	20,575,711	· · ·	, ,
				,	2.581.907	· · ·	, ,
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$				-,,	_,,.	-,,	_,,.
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		4,296,539	4.256.924	_		4.296.539	4.256.924
Raw seafood tax       3.594,173 $4.043,825$ $   3.594,173$ $4.043,825$ Fisheries tax       7.093,581       9.078,598 $  7.093,581$ 9.078,598         Other       2.008,225       2.378,984       (39,468)       28,698       1.968,757       2.407,682         Total revenues       30,569,593       37,329,323       20,826,551       23,086,866       51,396,144       60,416,189         Expenses:       General government       3.981,480       4.024,735       -       -       3,981,480       4.024,735         Public safety       4.577,165       4.515,210       -       -       6,46,786       6,128,313         Parks, culture, and recreation       3.073,366       2.954,722       -       -       3.073,366       2.954,722         Community support       842,656       852,547       -       -       842,656       852,547         Education       4.473,7869       4.473,093       -       -       4.473,093       2.072,265       1.987,095         Water       -       -       1.3954,311       10,367,703       13,354,311       10,367,703       13,354,311       10,367,703       13,354,311       10,367,703<		, ,	· · ·	_		, ,	, ,
Fisheries tax $7,093,581$ $9,078,598$ $   7,093,581$ $9,078,598$ Investment earnings $2,650,449$ $5,618,305$ $57,320$ $102,550$ $2,707,769$ $5,720,855$ Other $2,008,225$ $2,378,984$ $(39,468)$ $228,698$ $1,968,757$ $2,407,682$ Total revenues $30,569,593$ $37,329,323$ $20,826,551$ $23,086,866$ $51,396,144$ $60,416,189$ Expenses:General government $3,981,480$ $4,024,735$ $  3,981,480$ $4,024,735$ Public works $6,346,786$ $6,128,313$ $  6,346,786$ $6,128,313$ Public works $6,346,786$ $6,128,313$ $  4,377,869$ $4,473,093$ Interest on long-term debt $349,303$ $274,964$ $  4,437,869$ $4,473,093$ Interest on long-term debt $349,303$ $274,964$ $  3,93,4311$ $10,367,703$ Water $  1,924,941$ $1,221,687$ $1,987,095$ $2,377,416$ $4,062,778$ Water $  1,814,029$ $1,721,687$ $1,814,029$ $1,721,687$ Ports and harbors $  1,814,029$ $1,721,687$ $1,84,069$ Muter $  2,360,625$ $22,22,23,584$ $22,6747$ $233,128$ Dott and harbors $  1,814,029$ $1,721,687$ $1,814,029$ $1,721,687$ Nut are $  2,360,625$							
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		, ,					
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $		· · ·		57.320	102.550		
$ \begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	e			,			
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		,,	, ,				, ,
General government $3,981,480$ $4,024,735$ $3,981,480$ $4,024,735$ Public safety $4,577,165$ $4,517,165$ $4,515,210$ $4,577,165$ $4,515,210$ Public works $6,346,786$ $6,128,313$ $4,577,165$ $4,515,210$ Parks, culture, and recreation $3,073,366$ $2.954,722$ $3,073,366$ $2.954,722$ Community support $842,656$ $825,547$ 842,656 $852,547$ Education $4,473,809$ $443,73,869$ $4,473,093$ Interest on long-term debt $349,303$ $274,964$	Total revenues	30,569,593	37,329,323	20,826,551	23,086,866	51,396,144	60,416,189
General government $3,981,480$ $4,024,735$ $3,981,480$ $4,024,735$ Public safety $4,577,165$ $4,517,165$ $4,515,210$ $4,577,165$ $4,515,210$ Public works $6,346,786$ $6,128,313$ $4,577,165$ $4,515,210$ Parks, culture, and recreation $3,073,366$ $2.954,722$ $3,073,366$ $2.954,722$ Community support $842,656$ $825,547$ 842,656 $852,547$ Education $4,473,809$ $443,73,869$ $4,473,093$ Interest on long-term debt $349,303$ $274,964$	Evnenses						
Public safety4,577,1654,515,2104,577,1654,515,210Public works6,346,7866,128,3136,346,7866,128,313Parks, culture, and recreation3,073,3662,954,7223,073,3662,954,722Community support842,656852,547842,656852,547Education4,437,8694,473,0934,437,8694,473,093Interest on long-term debt349,303274,9643,49,303274,964Electric13,954,31110,367,70313,954,31110,367,703Water1,559,8381,532,3551,559,8381,532,355Solid waste1,814,0291,721,6871,814,0291,721,687Ports and harbors393,740784,1644062,7783,947,4164,062,778Airport226,747233,128226,747233,128Total expenses23,608,62523,223,58424,468,34620,688,91048,076,97143,912,494Housing2,018,7251,134,938Transfers(25,781,269)(7,492,684)25,781,2697,492,6842,018,7251,134,9383,153,663Net transfers and extraordinary item(25,781,269)(5,473,959)25,781,2698,627,6223,153,663 <t< td=""><td></td><td>3 981 480</td><td>4 024 735</td><td></td><td></td><td>3 981 480</td><td>4 024 735</td></t<>		3 981 480	4 024 735			3 981 480	4 024 735
Public works6,346,7866,128,3136,346,7866,128,313Parks, culture, and recreation3,073,3662,954,7223,073,3662,954,722Community support842,656852,547842,656852,547Education4,437,8694,473,0934,437,8694,473,093Interest on long-term debt349,303274,964349,303274,964Electric13,954,31110,367,70313,954,31110,367,703Water2,072,2651,987,0952,072,2651,987,095Wastewater1,814,0291,721,6871,598,3881,532,355Solid waste1,814,0291,721,687Ports and harbors893,740784,1644,062,778Airport226,747233,128226,747233,128Total expenses23,608,62523,223,58424,468,34620,688,91048,076,97143,912,494Increase (decrease) in net assets before transfers6,960,96814,105,739(3,641,795)2,397,9563,319,17316,503,695Transfers(25,781,269)(7,492,684)3,153,663Net transfers and extraordinary item(25,781,269)(5,473,959)25,781,2698,627,6223,153,663Net assets(18,820,301)8,631,78022,139,47411,025,5783,319,173		· · ·					
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$							
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$				_			
Education4,437,8694,473,0934,437,8694,473,093Interest on long-term debt349,303274,964349,303274,964Electric13,954,31110,367,70313,954,31110,367,703Water2,072,2651,987,0952,072,2651,987,095Wastewater1,559,8381,532,3551,559,8381,532,355Solid waste1,814,0291,721,6871,814,0291,721,687Ports and harbors3,947,4164,062,7783,947,4164,062,778Airport893,740784,164893,740784,164Housing226,747233,128226,747233,128Total expenses23,608,62523,223,58424,468,34620,688,91048,076,97143,912,494Increase (decrease) in net assets before transfers6,960,96814,105,739(3,641,795)2,397,9563,319,17316,503,695Transfers Extraordinary item(25,781,269)(7,492,684)Net transfers and extraordinary item(25,781,269)(5,473,959)25,781,2698,627,6223,153,663Increase (decrease) in net assets(18,820,301)8,631,78022,139,47411,025,5783,319,17319,657,358Net assets. beginning of year158,667,980150,036,200119,132,372108,106,794277,800,352258,		, ,	· · ·	_		, ,	, ,
Interest on long-term debt $349,303$ $274,964$ $349,303$ $274,964$ Electric $13,954,311$ $10,367,703$ $13,954,311$ $10,367,703$ Water $2,072,265$ $1,987,095$ $2,072,265$ $1,987,095$ Wastewater $1,559,838$ $1,532,355$ $1,59,838$ $1,532,355$ Solid waste $1,814,029$ $1,721,687$ $1,814,029$ $1,721,687$ Ports and harbors $3,947,416$ $4,062,778$ $3,947,416$ $4,062,778$ Airport893,740 $784,164$ $893,740$ $784,164$ Housing $226,747$ $233,128$ $226,747$ $233,128$ Total expenses $23,608,625$ $23,223,584$ $24,468,346$ $20,688,910$ $48,076,971$ $43,912,494$ Increase (decrease) in net assets before transfers $6,960,968$ $14,105,739$ $(3,641,795)$ $2,397,956$ $3,319,173$ $16,503,695$ Transfers( $25,781,269$ )( $7,492,684$ )2 $5,781,269$ $7,492,684$ Ltransfers and extraordinary item( $25,781,269$ ) $(5,473,959)$ $25,781,269$ $7,492,684$ Increase (decrease) in net assets( $18,820,301$ ) $8,631,780$ $22,139,474$ $11,025,578$ $3,319,173$ $19,657,358$ Net assets. beginning of year158,667,980 $150,036,200$ $119,132,372$ $108,106,794$ $277,800,352$ $258,142,994$ <td>5 11</td> <td></td> <td>,</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>,</td> <td></td>	5 11		,			,	
Electric13,954,31110,367,70313,954,31110,367,703Water2,072,2651,987,0952,072,2651,987,095Wastewater1,559,8381,532,3551,559,8381,532,355Solid waste1,814,0291,721,6871,814,029Ports and harbors3,947,4164,062,7783,947,4164,062,778Airport893,740784,164893,740784,164Housing226,747233,128226,747233,128Total expenses23,608,62523,223,58424,468,34620,688,91048,076,97143,912,494Increase (decrease) in net assets before transfers6,960,96814,105,739(3,641,795)2,397,9563,319,17316,503,695Transfers Extraordinary item(25,781,269)(7,492,684)25,781,2697,492,684Net transfers and extraordinary item(25,781,269)(5,473,959)25,781,2698,627,622-3,153,663Net assets(18,820,301)8,631,78022,139,47411,025,5783,319,17319,657,358Net assets. beginning of year158,667,980150,036,200119,132,372108,106,794277,800,352258,142,994							
Water $  2,072,265$ $1,987,095$ $2,072,265$ $1,987,095$ Wastewater $  1,559,838$ $1,532,355$ $1,559,838$ $1,532,355$ Solid waste $  1,814,029$ $1,721,687$ $1,814,029$ $1,721,687$ Ports and harbors $  3,947,416$ $4,062,778$ $3,947,416$ $4,062,778$ Airport $  893,740$ $784,164$ $893,740$ $784,164$ Housing $  226,747$ $233,128$ $226,747$ $233,128$ Total expenses $23,608,625$ $23,223,584$ $24,468,346$ $20,688,910$ $48,076,971$ $43,912,494$ Increase (decrease) in net assets before transfers $6,960,968$ $14,105,739$ $(3,641,795)$ $2,397,956$ $3,319,173$ $16,503,695$ Transfers Extraordinary item $(25,781,269)$ $(7,492,684)$ $  -$ Net transfers and extraordinary item $(25,781,269)$ $(5,473,959)$ $25,781,269$ $8,627,622$ $ 3,153,663$ Increase (decrease) in net assets $(18,820,301)$ $8,631,780$ $22,139,474$ $11,025,578$ $3,319,173$ $19,657,358$ Net assets. beginning of year $158,667,980$ $150,036,200$ $119,132,372$ $108,106,794$ $277,800,352$ $258,142,994$		549,505	274,904	13 954 311	10 367 703	· · · · ·	· · ·
Wastewater $   1,559,838$ $1,532,355$ $1,559,838$ $1,532,355$ Solid waste $  1,814,029$ $1,721,687$ $1,814,029$ $1,721,687$ Ports and harbors $  3,947,416$ $4,062,778$ $3,947,416$ $4,062,778$ Airport $  893,740$ $784,164$ $893,740$ $784,164$ Housing $  226,747$ $233,128$ $226,747$ $233,128$ Total expenses $23,608,625$ $23,223,584$ $24,468,346$ $20,688,910$ $48,076,971$ $43,912,494$ Increase (decrease) in net assets before transfers $6,960,968$ $14,105,739$ $(3,641,795)$ $2,397,956$ $3,319,173$ $16,503,695$ Transfers Extraordinary item $(25,781,269)$ $(7,492,684)$ $25,781,269$ $7,492,684$ $ -$ Net transfers and extraordinary item $(25,781,269)$ $(5,473,959)$ $25,781,269$ $8,627,622$ $ 3,153,663$ Increase (decrease) in net assets $(18,820,301)$ $8,631,780$ $22,139,474$ $11,025,578$ $3,319,173$ $19,657,358$ Net assets. beginning of year $158,667,980$ $150,036,200$ $119,132,372$ $108,106,794$ $277,800,352$ $258,142,994$							
Solid waste $   1,814,029$ $1,721,687$ $1,814,029$ $1,721,687$ Ports and harbors $  3,947,416$ $4,062,778$ $3,947,416$ $4,062,778$ Airport $  893,740$ $784,164$ $893,740$ $784,164$ Housing $  226,747$ $233,128$ $226,747$ $233,128$ Total expenses $23,608,625$ $23,223,584$ $24,468,346$ $20,688,910$ $48,076,971$ $43,912,494$ Increase (decrease) in net assets before transfers $6,960,968$ $14,105,739$ $(3,641,795)$ $2,397,956$ $3,319,173$ $16,503,695$ Transfers $(25,781,269)$ $(7,492,684)$ $25,781,269$ $7,492,684$ $ -$ Extraordinary item $(25,781,269)$ $(5,473,959)$ $25,781,269$ $7,492,684$ $ -$ Increase (decrease) in net assets $(18,820,301)$ $8,631,780$ $22,139,474$ $11,025,578$ $3,319,173$ $19,657,358$ Net assets. beginning of year $158,667,980$ $150,036,200$ $119,132,372$ $108,106,794$ $277,800,352$ $258,142,994$				· · ·	, ,	· · ·	, ,
Ports and harbors $  3,947,416$ $4,062,778$ $3,947,416$ $4,062,778$ Airport $   893,740$ $784,164$ $893,740$ $784,164$ Housing $  226,747$ $233,128$ $226,747$ $233,128$ Total expenses $23,608,625$ $23,223,584$ $24,468,346$ $20,688,910$ $48,076,971$ $43,912,494$ Increase (decrease) in net assets before transfers $6,960,968$ $14,105,739$ $(3,641,795)$ $2,397,956$ $3,319,173$ $16,503,695$ Transfers Extraordinary item $(25,781,269)$ $(7,492,684)$ $25,781,269$ $7,492,684$ $ -$ Net transfers and extraordinary item $(25,781,269)$ $(5,473,959)$ $25,781,269$ $8,627,622$ $ 3,153,663$ Increase (decrease) in net assets $(18,820,301)$ $8,631,780$ $22,139,474$ $11,025,578$ $3,319,173$ $19,657,358$ Net assets. beginning of year $158,667,980$ $150,036,200$ $119,132,372$ $108,106,794$ $277,800,352$ $258,142,994$				, ,		, ,	
Airport Housing $-$ $ -$ $226,747$ $784,164$ $233,128$ $893,740$ $226,747$ $784,164$ $233,128$ Total expenses $-$ $23,608,625$ $-$ $23,223,584$ $24,468,346$ $20,688,910$ $48,076,971$ $43,912,494$ Increase (decrease) in net assets before transfers $6,960,968$ $14,105,739$ $(3,641,795)$ $2,397,956$ $3,319,173$ $16,503,695$ Transfers Extraordinary item $(25,781,269)$ $(7,492,684)$ $-$ $ -$ $1,134,938$ $-$ $ -$ $3,153,663$ Net transfers and extraordinary item $(25,781,269)$ $(5,473,959)$ $25,781,269$ $8,627,622$ $-$ $3,153,663$ Increase (decrease) in net assets $(18,820,301)$ $8,631,780$ $22,139,474$ $11,025,578$ $3,319,173$ $19,657,358$ Net assets. beginning of year $158,667,980$ $150,036,200$ $119,132,372$ $108,106,794$ $277,800,352$ $258,142,994$							
Housing $  226,747$ $233,128$ $226,747$ $223,128$ Total expenses $23,608,625$ $23,223,584$ $24,468,346$ $20,688,910$ $48,076,971$ $43,912,494$ Increase (decrease) in net assets before transfers $6,960,968$ $14,105,739$ $(3,641,795)$ $2,397,956$ $3,319,173$ $16,503,695$ Transfers Extraordinary item $(25,781,269)$ $(7,492,684)$ $25,781,269$ $7,492,684$ $ -$ Net transfers and extraordinary item $(25,781,269)$ $(5,473,959)$ $25,781,269$ $8,627,622$ $ 3,153,663$ Increase (decrease) in net assets $(18,820,301)$ $8,631,780$ $22,139,474$ $11,025,578$ $3,319,173$ $19,657,358$ Net assets. beginning of year $158,667,980$ $150,036,200$ $119,132,372$ $108,106,794$ $277,800,352$ $258,142,994$							
Total expenses       23,608,625       23,223,584       24,468,346       20,688,910       48,076,971       43,912,494         Increase (decrease) in net assets before transfers       6,960,968       14,105,739       (3,641,795)       2,397,956       3,319,173       16,503,695         Transfers       (25,781,269)       (7,492,684)       25,781,269       7,492,684       —       —       —         Extraordinary item        2,018,725        1,134,938       —       3,153,663         Net transfers and extraordinary item       (25,781,269)       (5,473,959)       25,781,269       8,627,622	1			,		· · · · ·	,
Increase (decrease) in net assets before transfers         6,960,968         14,105,739         (3,641,795)         2,397,956         3,319,173         16,503,695           Transfers         (25,781,269)         (7,492,684)         25,781,269         7,492,684         -         -         -           Extraordinary item         -         2,018,725         -         1,134,938         -         3,153,663           Net transfers and extraordinary item         (25,781,269)         (5,473,959)         25,781,269         8,627,622         -         3,153,663           Increase (decrease) in net assets         (18,820,301)         8,631,780         22,139,474         11,025,578         3,319,173         19,657,358           Net assets. beginning of year         158,667,980         150,036,200         119,132,372         108,106,794         277,800,352         258,142,994	Housing			220,747	255,128	220,747	255,126
assets before transfers       6,960,968       14,105,739       (3,641,795)       2,397,956       3,319,173       16,503,695         Transfers       (25,781,269)       (7,492,684)       25,781,269       7,492,684       —       —       —	Total expenses	23,608,625	23,223,584	24,468,346	20,688,910	48,076,971	43,912,494
Transfers       (25,781,269)       (7,492,684)       25,781,269       7,492,684       -       -       -         Net transfers and extraordinary item       (25,781,269)       (5,473,959)       25,781,269       8,627,622       -       3,153,663         Increase (decrease) in net assets       (18,820,301)       8,631,780       22,139,474       11,025,578       3,319,173       19,657,358         Net assets. beginning of year       158,667,980       150,036,200       119,132,372       108,106,794       277,800,352       258,142,994	Increase (decrease) in net						
Extraordinary item	assets before transfers	6,960,968	14,105,739	(3,641,795)	2,397,956	3,319,173	16,503,695
Extraordinary item	Transfers	(25,781,269)	(7, 492, 684)	25,781,269	7,492,684		
extraordinary item       (25,781,269)       (5,473,959)       25,781,269       8,627,622       —       3,153,663         Increase (decrease) in net assets       (18,820,301)       8,631,780       22,139,474       11,025,578       3,319,173       19,657,358         Net assets. beginning of year       158,667,980       150,036,200       119,132,372       108,106,794       277,800,352       258,142,994					, ,		3,153,663
extraordinary item       (25,781,269)       (5,473,959)       25,781,269       8,627,622       —       3,153,663         Increase (decrease) in net assets       (18,820,301)       8,631,780       22,139,474       11,025,578       3,319,173       19,657,358         Net assets. beginning of year       158,667,980       150,036,200       119,132,372       108,106,794       277,800,352       258,142,994							
Increase (decrease) in net assets         (18,820,301)         8,631,780         22,139,474         11,025,578         3,319,173         19,657,358           Net assets. beginning of year         158,667,980         150,036,200         119,132,372         108,106,794         277,800,352         258,142,994		(05 701 0 60)	(5.472.050)	05 501 0 60	0.07.00		2 1 5 2 6 6 2
assets         (18,820,301)         8,631,780         22,139,474         11,025,578         3,319,173         19,657,358           Net assets. beginning of year         158,667,980         150,036,200         119,132,372         108,106,794         277,800,352         258,142,994	extraordinary item	(25,781,269)	(5,473,959)	25,781,269	8,627,622		3,153,663
Net assets. beginning of year <u>158,667,980</u> <u>150,036,200</u> <u>119,132,372</u> <u>108,106,794</u> <u>277,800,352</u> <u>258,142,994</u>	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	(10 000 201)	0 (21 700	00 100 474	11.005.579	2 210 172	10 (57 259
	assets	(18,820,301)	8,631,780	22,139,474	11,025,578	3,319,1/3	19,657,358
Net assets, end of year         \$ 139,847,679         158,667,980         141,271,846         119,132,372         281,119,525         277,800,352	Net assets. beginning of year	158,667,980	150,036,200	119,132,372	108,106,794	277,800,352	258,142,994
	Net assets, end of year	\$ 139,847,679	158,667,980	141,271,846	119,132,372	281,119,525	277,800,352

(Continued)

Table 2

Management's Discussion and Analysis

June 30, 2010

#### **Governmental Activities**

Governmental activities decreased the City of Unalaska's net assets by \$18.8 million, which is due mainly to transfers out to proprietary funds for the construction of the Carl E. Moses Small Boat Harbor. Last year, governmental activities increased net assets by \$8.6 million. In addition to substantial transfers, the City of Unalaska experienced the economic downturn in FY10 as revenues were down \$6.7 million in governmental funds alone as shown in table 2 above.

In total, revenues for governmental activities decreased 13.6%, which is due to decreased revenue in general sales tax, raw seafood tax, shared fisheries, taxes, and investment earnings.

#### **Governmental Activities Functional Expenses for Fiscal Year 2010**



#### **Business-Type Activities**

Business-type activities increased the City of Unalaska's net assets by \$22,139,476 (see table 2), again this large amount is due to transfers from governmental funds for construction of the Carl E. Moses Small Boat Harbor. Last year business-type activities accounted for an increase of \$11,025,578. Key elements of the increase are in transfers, which are discussed in detail in the notes to the financial statements (pages. 40-41).

#### **Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds**

As noted earlier, the City of Unalaska uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

#### **Governmental Funds**

The focus of the City of Unalaska's *governmental funds* is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City of Unalaska's financing requirements. In particular, unreserved fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the City of Unalaska's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$55,862,557, which is a decrease of \$20,742,480 over the prior year. Approximately 86.5% of

Management's Discussion and Analysis

June 30, 2010

this total amount, \$48,363,181, constitutes *unreserved fund balance*, which is available for spending at the government's discretion. The remainder of fund balance is reserved to indicate that it is not available for new spending: a portion, \$4,314,110, has already been committed to liquidate contracts and purchase orders of prior periods; and the rest, \$3,185,266, has been committed for a variety of other restricted purposes.

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the City of Unalaska. At the end of the current fiscal year, unreserved fund balance of the General Fund was \$35,014,275, while total fund balance reached \$38,595,545. As a measure of the General Fund's liquidity, both unreserved fund balance and total fund balance may be compared to total fund expenditures. Unreserved fund balance represents 165.2% of total General Fund expenditures, while total fund balance represents 182% of that same amount.

The fund balance of the City of Unalaska's General Fund decreased by \$13,152,923 during this fiscal year. The key factor in this decrease is the large transfers to other funds, which was mentioned earlier. Final budgeted revenue was slightly lower than actual revenue. This is due to both the city's practice of budgeting conservatively, but also due to the anticipation of a decline in the economy.

The fund balance of the City of Unalaska's 1% Sales Tax Fund decreased by \$13,195,694. This fund is for capital projects only, and had been allowed to build a balance for projects in the future. This year significant transfers out to other funds occurred to fund paving projects and construction of the Carl E. Moses Small Boat Harbor.

#### **Proprietary funds**

The City of Unalaska's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail.

Unrestricted net assets of the proprietary funds at the end of the year amounted to \$54,602,100. The business-type net assets increased \$22,139,476 – again most of which is due to transfers from governmental funds for the construction of the Carl E. Moses Small Boat Harbor.

#### **General Fund Budgetary Highlights**

Differences between the original budget and the final amended budget can be briefly summarized as follows:

- \$1.5 million increase in fisheries business tax revenue due to economic fluxes as well as the affects of changes in fishing quotas.
- \$152,000 increase in fisheries landing tax due to a large payment from the State of Alaska, which was for several previous years' taxes.
- \$639,095 increase in general government expenditures which is due to the Utility Rebate program and the purchase of contracted services for a 10-year visioning document and a comprehensive plan.
- \$98,908 increase in public safety expenditures, which is due grants received from LEPC and Homeland Security (revenues were increased as well).
- \$128,500 increase in public works due largely to a grant for sediment separators.
- \$19,922,899 increase in transfers out due mainly to the large transfer out for the boat harbor project.

#### Management's Discussion and Analysis

June 30, 2010

#### **Capital Asset and Debt Administration**

#### Capital assets

The City of Unalaska's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of June 30, 2010, amounts to \$199,546,863 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings and system, improvements, machinery and equipment, park facilities, roads, highways, and bridges. The change in the City of Unalaska's investment in capital assets for the current fiscal year was \$23.7 million.

Major capital asset events during the current fiscal year included the following:

- Financial system software was upgraded and expanded for \$42,550.
- Geothermal energy continues to be researched as a potential alternate energy source. This year \$9,328 was spent on preliminary research.
- In FY10, \$2,106,770 was spent on the Road to the Carl E. Moses Small Boat Harbor.
- In FY10, public safety spent \$146,971 on the purchase and installation of an Interoperable Radio System.
- Work continues on the replacement/upgrade for the Fuel Island and Storage tank with \$32,720 being spent in FY10.
- The City started the Community Center Expansion in FY10 with \$973,298 being spent in FY10.
- The City initiated the development of a citywide strategic plan in FY09 to guide the development of Geographic Information System (GIS). In FY10, this initiative continued and \$110,042 was spent from the general fund, \$57,655 was spent from the electric fund, \$58,229 was spent from the water fund, and \$57,655 was spent from the wastewater fund.
- New safety surface equipment was installed at Town Park and Sitka Spruce Park for \$171,152.
- Drainage improvements were done to the Ilulaq Lake and Delta Way for a total of \$58,939 in FY10.
- A compactor was purchased for the Department of Public Works for \$130,194.
- A scissor lift was purchased for the Department of Public Works for \$74,918.
- Engineering services have been contracted to complete a strategic report for a paving master plan and road design. In FY10, \$71,855 was spent.
- Improvements/upgrades to the Jr./Sr. High School continued this year with \$2,419,536 being spent in FY10.
- Transformer replacements continued in FY10 with a total of \$108,560.
- Electric distribution maintenance was performed in FY10 for \$124,400.
- Development of a new power plant continued this year. Construction costs for FY10 were \$18,426,547.
- Primary Line Relocates were completed in the Electric Department for \$93,855 in FY10.
- A forklift was purchased for the Electric Department for \$32,569.

#### Management's Discussion and Analysis

June 30, 2010

- The Electric Department performed work for upgrades for APL's electrical equipment for \$93,855.
- Lear road water tank maintenance phase II continued this year with the bulk of the work being completed in FY10 at \$48,581.
- A water transmission distribution and flushing project was started in FY08. The project continued in FY10 with a cost of \$617,024.
- A water evaluation compliance study began in FY08 in preparations for a new water treatment plant. The preliminary work continued in FY10 with \$35,613 being spent.
- In FY10, there were Well House #1 Upgrades for \$192,859 and Pump Control House Upgrades for \$89,401.
- The Water Department also spent \$14,228 on the Booster Pump on General's Hill.
- The Wastewater Treatment Plant Improvements analysis continued this year with a total of \$47,440 being spent in FY10.
- Costs for the Improvements to Lift Station #7 and 8 for FY10 are \$115,885.
- The Baler Bagging System at the landfill was upgraded for \$181,684.
- Landfill development plan phase II Summer Bay Road Re-alignment project was started in FY08. The engineering and design phase have continued in FY10 with a cost of \$13,937.
- The Dock Anode Replacement project began in FY10 for a total of \$665,989.
- In FY09, the Ports Dept. started a project to install a metal gangway and 20-foot. wooden float dock at the Iliuliuk creek boat launch. The floating dock was installed and completed this year with FY10 expenses of \$36,439.
- The new Carl E. Moses small boat harbor at Little South America continued construction with a total of \$78,633 spent on Outer Harbor Construction and \$5,587,986 spent on Inner Harbor Construction in FY10.

#### City of Unalaska Capital Assets

#### (Net of Accumulated Depreciation)

		Governmental activities		Business-ty	<b>Business-type activities</b>		tal
	_	2010	2009	2010	2009	2010	2009
Land	\$	29,289,604	29,290,235	3,309,476	3,309,476	32,599,080	32,599,711
Buildings		31,381,032	32,712,698	10,150,466	10,768,316	41,531,498	43,481,014
Infrastructure		8,803,668	10,154,595	41,497,762	46,939,118	50,301,430	57,093,713
Machinery and equipment		1,944,782	2,371,199	652,927	811,782	2,597,709	3,182,981
Construction in progress	-	14,901,579	8,606,263	57,615,567	30,915,548	72,517,146	39,521,811
Total capital assets	\$	86,320,665	83,134,990	113,226,198	92,744,240	199,546,863	175,879,230

Additional information on the City of Unalaska's capital assets can be found in note 3(c) on pages 37 - 39 of this report.

Table 3

#### Management's Discussion and Analysis

June 30, 2010

#### Long-Term Debt

At the end of the current fiscal year, the City of Unalaska had total debt outstanding of \$38,148,848 (see table 4). Of this amount, \$12,796,644 comprises debt backed by the full faith and credit of the government.

			City of Unalaska	a Debt			
		Governmen	tal activities	Business-typ	e activities	To	tal
	_	2010	2009	2010	2009	2010	2009
General obligation bonds	\$	7,796,644	8,557,595	5,000,000	_	12,796,644	8,557,595
Revenue bonds		—	—	25,000,000	25,000,000	25,000,000	25,000,000
Other contracts and loans	_			352,204	395,662	352,204	395,662
Total capital assets	\$	7,796,644	8,557,595	30,352,204	25,395,662	38,148,848	33,953,257

The City of Unalaska's total debt increased by \$4,195,591 (12.4%) during the current fiscal year. Additional debt was acquired in business-type activities for construction of the Carl E. Moses Small Boat Harbor to the Unalaska City School (100% reimbursed by the State of Alaska).

State statutes do not limit the amount of debt a governmental entity may issue. Additional information on the City of Unalaska's long-term debt can be found in note 3(f) on pages 43 - 47 of this report.

#### **Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates**

The average unemployment rate for the Aleutians West Region, which includes Unalaska, was 7.3% for calendar year 2009, which is an increase from a rate of 5.6% in calendar year 2008. Management does not believe either figure is indicative of unemployment within the City's limits. Since the seafood economy is robust in Unalaska while other communities that are more reliant on snow crab and salmon may be experiencing higher unemployment, neither unemployment rate for the region is indicative of unemployment in Unalaska.

Lower oil prices may negatively impact our sales tax through marine fuel. Marine fuel sales generate half of the City's sales tax. Total sales tax is 33% of governmental activities revenue.

City council authorized increases in the wastewater rates of 15% for fiscal years 2011 and 2012 and an increase of 6% for FY2013 beginning July 1, 2012. The goal in approving the increases was to improve self-sufficiency of the operation and reduce taxpayer subsidies. Each enterprise fund is kept on a three-year rate study program when possible.

A landfill rate study was completed by Bristol Environmental and Engineering Services in June 2008. Landfill rates were adjusted by 11.52% for FY10 and FY11.

A rate study was completed in FY09 for the Ports and Harbors Fund by Northern Economics. A 4.8% increase was recommended for each of the next three years. Council adopted a 4.8% increase effective July 1, 2011, and will review the tariff again next year.

Table 4

Management's Discussion and Analysis

June 30, 2010

#### **Requests for Information**

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City of Unalaska's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Finance Director, City of Unalaska, PO Box 610, Unalaska, AK 99685.

#### Statement of Net Assets

#### June 30, 2010

$ \begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$			<b>Drimony</b> a	overment		Component unit Unalaska
activitiesactivitiesEliminationsTotalDistrictAssets:Cash and cash equivalents\$ 1,436,976150-1,437,1261,740,20Temporary investments17,392,93517,392,93517,392,935-Receivables:Interest502,49717,521-520,0181,878,6091,878,6091,878,6091,878,6091,878,6091,878,6091,878,6091,878,6091,878,6091,878,6091,878,6091,878,6091,878,6091,878,6091,878,609 </th <th></th> <th>Covernmentel</th> <th></th> <th>overnment</th> <th></th> <th></th>		Covernmentel		overnment		
Cash and cash equivalents\$ 1,436,976150-1,437,1261,740,26Temporary investments17,392,93517,392,935-Receivables:502,49717,521-520,018-Taxes502,49717,521-520,018-Accounts, net of allowance for-1,878,609uncollectible amounts of \$40,000158,3331,840,226-1,998,559Special assessments5,103103,764-108,867State of Alaska6,481,972125,365-6,607,337Internal balances19,319,07058,228,340(77,547,410)-Inventories436,410834,014-1,270,42425,44Prepaid items144,158314,29Cash for health insurance314,29Cash held by fiscal agent1,931,900-1,931,900-Temporary investments91,264,529-91,264,529-Cash held by fiscal agent427,4409,050,965-9,478,405-Capital assets:105,321,373Not being depreciated44,191,18361,130,190-105,321,373-Depreciated, net225,768,697185,708,140(77,547,410)333,929,4272,497,77Liabilities:Accounts payable966,2413,731,517-4,697,758115,66				Eliminations	Total	
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	Assets:					
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,436,976	150	_	1,437,126	1,740,262
Receivables: $11terest$ $502,497$ $17,521$ $ 520,018$ $-$ Taxes $1,878,609$ $  1,878,609$ $-$ Accounts, net of allowance for $11878,609$ $  1,878,609$ $-$ uncollectible amounts of \$40,000 $158,333$ $1,840,226$ $ 1,998,559$ $89,19$ Special assessments $5,103$ $103,764$ $ 108,867$ $-$ State of Alaska $6,481,972$ $125,365$ $ 6,607,337$ $-$ Internal balances $19,319,070$ $58,228,340$ $(77,547,410)$ $ -$ Inventories $436,410$ $834,014$ $ 1,270,424$ $25,44$ Prepaid items $144,158$ $  144,158$ $147,60$ Deferred charges $349,697$ $ 3149,697$ $  3142,90$ Cash for health insurance $             -$		17,392,935	_	_	17,392,935	· · · —
Taxes $1,878,609$ $1,878,609$ -Accounts, net of allowance for uncollectible amounts of \$40,000 $158,333$ $1,840,226$ - $1,998,559$ $89,19$ Special assessments $5,103$ $103,764$ - $108,867$ -State of Alaska $6,481,972$ $125,365$ - $6,607,337$ -Internal balances $19,319,070$ $58,228,340$ $(77,547,410)$ Inventories $436,410$ $834,014$ - $1,270,424$ $25,44$ Prepaid items $144,158$ $144,158$ $147,65$ Deferred charges $349,697$ - $349,697$ -Restricted assets:314,29Cash for health insurance314,29Cash for health insurance9,91,264,529Cash for health insurance9,91,264,529Cash for health insurance9,1264,529Cash for health insurance9,1264,529Capital assets:91,264,529-91,264,529Not being depreciated44,191,183 $61,130,190$ -105,321,373-Depreciated, net225,768,697185,708,140(77,547,410)333,929,4272,497,77Liabilities:185,708,140(77,547,410)333,929,4272,497,77Liabilities:						
Accounts, net of allowance for uncollectible amounts of \$40,000 $158,333$ $1,840,226$ - $1,998,559$ $89,19$ Special assessments $5,103$ $103,764$ - $108,867$ -         State of Alaska $6,481,972$ $125,365$ - $6,607,337$ -         Internal balances $19,319,070$ $58,228,340$ $(77,547,410)$ -       -         Inventories $436,410$ $834,014$ - $1,270,424$ $25,44$ Prepaid items $144,158$ -       - $144,158$ $147,61$ Deferred charges $349,697$ - $349,697$ - $349,697$ -         Restricted assets: $2cash for health insurance$ -       -       - $1,931,900$ - $1,931,900$ - $1,931,900$ - $19,264,529$ - $9,264,529$ -       - $2capital assets:$ -       91,264,529       -       - $9,264,529$ -       -       - $105,321,373$ -       - $180,906$ Cash held by fiscal agent $42,129,482$ $52,096,008$ - $94,225,490$	Interest	502,497	17,521	_	520,018	_
uncollectible amounts of \$40,000158,3331,840,2261,998,55989,19Special assessments5,103103,764108,867State of Alaska6,481,972125,3656,607,337Internal balances19,319,07058,228,340(77,547,410)Inventories436,410834,0141,270,42425,44Prepaid items144,158144,158147,60Deferred charges349,697349,697Restricted assets:314,29Cash for health insurance314,29Cash for health insurance314,29Temporary investments427,4409,050,9659,478,405Long-term investments91,264,52991,264,529Not being depreciated44,191,18361,130,190105,321,373Depreciated, net42,229,48252,096,00894,225,490180,996Total225,768,697185,708,140(77,547,410)333,929,4272,497,77Liabilities:4,697,758115,60Accounts payable966,2413,731,5174,697,758115,60	Taxes	1,878,609	·	_	1,878,609	_
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Accounts, net of allowance for					
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	uncollectible amounts of \$40,000	158,333	1,840,226	_	1,998,559	89,192
State of Alaska $6,481,972$ $125,365$ — $6,607,337$ —Internal balances $19,319,070$ $58,228,340$ $(77,547,410)$ ———Inventories $436,410$ $834,014$ — $1,270,424$ $25,44$ Prepaid items $144,158$ —— $144,158$ $147,60$ Deferred charges $349,697$ — $349,697$ — $349,697$ Restricted assets:———— $314,297$ Cash for health insurance———— $314,297$ Cash held by fiscal agent $1,931,900$ — $1,931,900$ —Temporary investments $427,440$ $9,050,965$ — $94,78,405$ —Long-term investments $91,264,529$ — $91,264,529$ —Not being depreciated $44,191,183$ $61,130,190$ — $105,321,373$ —Depreciated, net $42,22,482$ $52,096,008$ — $94,225,490$ $180,969$ Total $225,768,697$ $185,708,140$ $(77,547,410)$ $333,929,427$ $2,497,77$ Liabilities: $Accounts payable$ $966,241$ $3,731,517$ — $4,697,758$ $115,60$				_	, ,	
Internal balances19,319,070 $58,228,340$ $(77,547,410)$ Inventories436,410 $834,014$ $1,270,424$ $25,44$ Prepaid items144,158144,158 $147,61$ Deferred charges $349,697$ $349,697$ Restricted assets: $314,29$ Cash for health insurance $314,29$ Cash held by fiscal agent1,931,9001,931,900Temporary investments $427,440$ $9,050,965$ $9,478,405$ Long-term investments $91,264,529$ $91,264,529$ Capital assets:105,321,373Not being depreciated $44,191,183$ $61,130,190$ $105,321,373$ Total225,768,697185,708,140 $(77,547,410)$ $333,929,427$ $2,497,77$ Liabilities: $4,697,758$ 115,60			· · · · · ·	_		_
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Internal balances	19.319.070	58.228.340	(77.547.410)		_
Prepaid items $144,158$ $  144,158$ $147,61$ Deferred charges $349,697$ $ 349,697$ $-$ Restricted assets: $   349,697$ $-$ Cash for health insurance $    314,29$ Cash held by fiscal agent $1,931,900$ $ 1,931,900$ $-$ Temporary investments $427,440$ $9,050,965$ $ 9,478,405$ $-$ Long-term investments $91,264,529$ $ 91,264,529$ $-$ Capital assets: $  105,321,373$ $-$ Depreciated, net $42,129,482$ $52,096,008$ $ 94,225,490$ $180,96$ Total $225,768,697$ $185,708,140$ $(77,547,410)$ $333,929,427$ $2,497,77$ Liabilities: $Accounts payable$ $966,241$ $3,731,517$ $ 4,697,758$ $115,61$	Inventories	, ,	· · ·		1.270.424	25,441
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $		) -		_	, ,	147,616
Restricted assets: Cash for health insurance $    314,29$ Cash held by fiscal agent1,931,900 $-$ 1,931,900 $-$ Temporary investments427,4409,050,965 $-$ 9,478,405Long-term investments91,264,529 $-$ 91,264,529 $-$ Capital assets: $-$ 105,321,373 $-$ Not being depreciated44,191,18361,130,190 $-$ 105,321,373 $-$ Depreciated, net42,129,48252,096,008 $-$ 94,225,490180,96Total225,768,697185,708,140(77,547,410)333,929,4272,497,77Liabilities: Liabilities: Accounts payable966,2413,731,517 $-$ 4,697,758115,61			349,697	_	,	
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	e e		0.0,007		019,097	
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		_	_	_	_	314,294
Temporary investments       427,440       9,050,965       —       9,478,405			1.931.900	_	1.931.900	
Long-term investments       91,264,529       —       91,264,529       —         Capital assets:       Not being depreciated       44,191,183       61,130,190       —       105,321,373       —         Depreciated, net       42,129,482       52,096,008       —       94,225,490       180,96         Total       225,768,697       185,708,140       (77,547,410)       333,929,427       2,497,77         Liabilities:       Accounts payable       966,241       3,731,517       —       4,697,758       115,60		427 440				
Capital assets:       44,191,183       61,130,190       -       105,321,373       -         Depreciated, net       42,129,482       52,096,008       -       94,225,490       180,96         Total       225,768,697       185,708,140       (77,547,410)       333,929,427       2,497,77         Liabilities and net assets:       Liabilities:       -       4,697,758       115,61		· · · · · ·			, ,	
Not being depreciated       44,191,183       61,130,190        105,321,373          Depreciated, net       42,129,482       52,096,008        94,225,490       180,96         Total       225,768,697       185,708,140       (77,547,410)       333,929,427       2,497,77         Liabilities:       Accounts payable       966,241       3,731,517        4,697,758       115,61		,201,201			,1,201,325	
Depreciated, net         42,129,482         52,096,008         —         94,225,490         180,96           Total         225,768,697         185,708,140         (77,547,410)         333,929,427         2,497,77           Liabilities and net assets:         Liabilities:         Accounts payable         966,241         3,731,517         —         4,697,758         115,61		44 191 183	61 130 190		105 321 373	
Total         225,768,697         185,708,140         (77,547,410)         333,929,427         2,497,77           Liabilities and net assets:         Liabilities:         Accounts payable         966,241         3,731,517         —         4,697,758         115,61						180,969
Liabilities and net assets: Liabilities: Accounts payable 966,241 3,731,517 — 4,697,758 115,61	1 ·	·		(77,547,410)	·	2,497,774
Liabilities: Accounts payable 966,241 3,731,517 — 4,697,758 115,61	Lighilities and not assets:			(,,		
	Accounts payable	966.241	3.731.517	_	4.697.758	115.617
(1,1,0,0,0,0) = (1,1,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0	Retainage payable	65,689	2,294,949	_	2,360,638	
		· · · · · ·	· · ·	_		764,531
Accrued interest payable 117,047 440,525 — 557,572 –	Accrued interest payable	· · · · · ·	· · · · · ·	_	,	
	Deposit payable			_		9,300
				_		4,551
Internal balances 75,543,877 140,000 (75,683,877) — –		75,543,877		(75.683.877)	_,	.,
Due to:		10,010,011	1.0,000	(10,000,011)		
		_	_	_	_	72,246
Nocurrent liabilities:						, 2,2.10
Internal balances — 1.863.533 (1.863.533) — –			1 863 533	(1.863.533)		
		1 697 565	· · ·	(1,005,555)	2 459 858	7,763
Long-term debt due in more than		1,077,505	102,295		2,137,050	1,105
one year 7,019,743 34,668,760 — 41,688,503 –		7.019.743	34,668,760	_	41.688.503	_
	5			(77,547,410)		974,008
		00,721,010	,	(,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		<i>,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,</i>
Net assets:						
Invested in capital assets, net of		79.051.461	96 660 746		165 (01 007	172.007
		, ,		—	, ,	173,206
Unrestricted 60,896,218 54,602,100 — 115,498,318 1,350,56	Unrestricted	60,896,218	54,602,100		115,498,318	1,350,560
Net assets         139,847,679         141,271,846         —         281,119,525         1,523,76	Net assets	139,847,679	141,271,846		281,119,525	1,523,766

Statement of Activities

Year ended June 30, 2010

				<b>D</b>				<u>~</u> .
			Program revenues			rimary governmer	nt	Component
Functions/programs	Expens	Charges for es services	Operating grants and contributions	Capital grants and contributions	Governmental activities	Business- type activities	Total	Unit Unalaska City School District
Primary government:								
Governmental activities:								
Current:								
General government	\$ 3,981,		27,097	62,971	(3,826,529)	—	(3,826,529)	—
Public safety	4,577,		850,642	—	(3,697,647)	_	(3,697,647)	_
Public works	6,346,			—	(6,346,786)	—	(6,346,786)	—
Parks, culture, and recreation	3,073,		22,143	_	(2,847,325)	—	(2,847,325)	—
Community support	842, 4,437,		—	—	(842,656)	—	(842,656)	_
Education Interest on long-term debt	4,437, 349,		803,525	—	(4,437,869) 454,222	_	(4,437,869) 454,222	
5								
Total governmental activities	23,608,	625 297,657	1,703,407	62,971	(21,544,590)		(21,544,590)	
Business type activities:								
Electric	13,954,		67,154	_	_	(3,398,574)	(3,398,574)	—
Water	2,072,		30,039		—	(172,354)	(172,354)	—
Ports and harbors	3,947,		55,154	1,147,865	—	1,241,889	1,241,889	—
Solid waste	1,814,		25,438	13,937	—	(663,497)	(663,497)	
Wastewater Airport	1,559, 893,		27,087 4,661	_	_	(199,039) (401,424)	(199,039) (401,424)	_
Housing	895, 226,		3,327	_		(66,648)	(66,648)	_
0			·					
Total business type activities	24,468,		212,860	1,161,802		(3,659,647)	(3,659,647)	
Total primary government	\$ 48,076,	971 19,731,694	1,916,267	1,224,773	(21,544,590)	(3,659,647)	(25,204,237)	
Component unit: Unalaska City School District	\$ 9,010,	620 363,715	2,317,975	12,000	_	_		(6,316,930)
2	General rev		· <u> </u>					
	Property				\$ 3,014,463		3,014,463	
		property taxes			1,282,076	_	1,282,076	_
	General				8,862,591	_	8,862,591	_
	Raw seaf	ood sales tax			3,594,173	_	3,594,173	_
	Other tax	es			56,225	_	56,225	_
	Fisheries				7,093,581	_	7,093,581	_
		in lieu of taxes			1,086,803	_	1,086,803	—
		ot restricted specific progr	ams		631,697	_	631,697	3,402,278
		lisposal of capital assets			(5,859)	(39,468)	(45,327)	
		nt earnings			2,650,449	57,320	2,707,769	6,044
	Other	rom City of Unalaska			239,359	_	220 250	2,841,750
	Transfers				(25,781,269)	25,781,269	239,359	106,252
	1141101010	Total general reven	use and transfore		2,724,289	25,799,121	28,523,410	6,356,324
		0			(18,820,301)	22,139,474	3,319,173	39,394
	NL	Change in net asset	5					· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
		beginning of year			158,667,980	119,132,372	277,800,352	1,484,372
	Net assets,	end of year			\$ 139,847,679	141,271,846	281,119,525	1,523,766

#### Governmental Funds

#### Balance Sheet

#### June 30, 2010

Assets	-	General Fund	1% Sales Tax Special Revenue Fund	Major Equipment Capital Project Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,436,976	—	—	—	1,436,976
Temporary investments Receivables, net:		17,392,935	—	—	—	17,392,935
General		149.016	_	_	9,317	158,333
Interest		502,497		_		502,497
Taxes		1,382,295	483,973	—	12,341	1,878,609
Special assessments		5,103	—	_	—	5,103
State of Alaska		6,481,972				6,481,972
Due from other funds		426 410	2,662,176	14,252,530	400,831	17,315,537
Inventories Prepaid items		436,410 144,158	—	—	_	436,410 144,158
Restricted assets:		144,150				144,156
Temporary investments		427,440	_	_	_	427,440
Advances to other funds		2,003,533	_	_	_	2,003,533
Long-term investments	-	91,264,529				91,264,529
Total assets	\$	121,626,864	3,146,149	14,252,530	422,489	139,448,032
Liabilities and Fund Balances						
Liabilities:						
Accounts payable	\$	483,859	_	466,332	16,050	966,241
Retainage payable		3,085	—	62,604		65,689
Accrued payroll liabilities		509,623	—	998		510,621
Customer deposits		235	—	—	_	235
Due to other funds Unearned revenues		75,543,877 6,490,640	8,172	_		75,543,877 6,498,812
	-	, ,				
Total liabilities	-	83,031,319	8,172	529,934	16,050	83,585,475
Fund balances: Reserved:						
Encumbrances		396,004		3,432,781	485,325	4,314,110
Inventories		307,733				307,733
Advances to other funds		2,877,533	—	_	_	2,877,533
Unreserved, designated for, reported in						
General Fund:						
Working capital and compensated absences		14.000.000				14.000.000
Capital protects		20,500,000	_	_	—	20,500,000
Unreserved, reported in:		20,300,000				20,500,000
General Fund		514,275	_	_	_	514.275
Special Revenue Funds			3,137,977	_	110,868	3,248,845
Capital protects	_			10,289,815	(189,754)	10,100,061
Total fund balances	-	38,595,545	3,137,977	13,722,596	406,439	55,862,557
Total liabilities and fund	-					
balances	\$	121,626,864	3,146,149	14,252,530	422,489	139,448,032
	: =				·	<u>·</u>

## Reconciliation of Net Assets between the Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

June 30, 2010

Amounts reported as fund balances on the governmental funds balance sheet Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because: Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds	\$	55,862,557 86,320,665
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and, therefore, are deferred in funds: Shared fisheries business tax		2,880,000
Shared fisheries resource landing tax		3,230,000
Real property		65,927
Sales taxes		24,516
Special assessments		5,644
School debt reimbursement due from the State	_	292,725
	_	6,498,812
Interest payable on long-term debt and capital leases are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds		(117,047)
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:		
General obligation bonds		(7,796,644)
Premium on general obligation bonds		(52,734)
Compensated absences	_	(867,930)
	_	(8,717,308)
Net assets of governmental activities	\$ _	139,847,679

#### Governmental Funds

#### Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances

Year ended June 30, 2010

	General Fund	1% Sales Tax Special Revenue Fund	Major Equipment Capital Project Fund	Other governmental funds	Total governmental funds
Revenues:					
Taxes:					
General sales	\$ 5,808,605	2,904,306	_	149,680	8,862,591
Seafood sales	3,594,173	_	_	_	3,594,173
Real property	2,967,262	_	_	_	2,967,262
Personal property	1,282,076	_	_	_	1,282,076
Other	56,225	_	_	_	56,225
Intergovernmental:					
Fisheries business tax	4,547,084	_	_	_	4,547,084
Fisheries resource landing tax	4,676,603	_	_	_	4,676,603
Payments in lieu of taxes	1,086,803	_	_	_	1,086,803
Corrections contract	481,355	_	_	_	481,355
Debt reimbursement	803,525	_	_	_	803,525
Other	1,146,955	_	_	_	1,146,955
Charges for services	297,658	_	_	_	297,658
Investment income	2,650,449	_	_	_	2,650,449
Other	205,598	_	_	_	205,598
Total revenues	29,604,371	2,904,306		149,680	32,658,357
E					
Expenditures:					
Current:	4 0 1 2 1 1 0				4 012 110
General government	4,013,119	—	—	—	4,013,119
Public safety	4,307,627	—	—		4,307,627
Public works	5,202,844	—	—	_	5,202,844
Parks, culture, and recreation	2,138,623	—	—	154 (04	2,138,623
Community support	687,972	—	—	154,684	842,656
Education	3,736,487	—	—	_	3,736,487
Debt service:	770.051				770.051
Principal	770,951	—	—		770,951
Interest	337,165	—			337,165
Capital projects			4,269,777	2,109,182	6,378,959
Total expenditures	21,194,788		4,269,777	2,263,866	27,728,431
Excess revenues over expenditures	8,409,583	2,904,306	(4,269,777)	(2,114,186)	4,929,926
Other financing sources (uses): Refunding bond issue Payment to refunded bond escrow agent Proceeds from the sale of capital assets	255,000 (248,314) 102,177				255,000 (248,314) 102,177
Transfers in	1,207,871	—	11,293,924	704,047	13,205,842
Transfers out	(22,879,240)	(16,100,000)	(7,871)		(38,987,111)
Net other financing sources (uses)	(21,562,506)	(16,100,000)	11,286,053	704,047	(25,672,406)
Net change in fund balances	(13,152,923)	(13,195,694)	7,016,276	(1,410,139)	(20,742,480)
Fund balances, beginning of year	51,748,468	16,333,671	6,706,320	1,816,578	76,605,037
Fund balances, end of year	- ,: -,			, , - · -	

## Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities

Year ended June 30, 2010

Net change in fund balance – total governmental funds	\$	(20,742,480)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities		
are different because: Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense:		
Capital outlay		6,462,587
Proceeds from sale of capital assets		(102,177)
Loss on the disposal of capital assets		(5,859)
Depreciation expense	-	(3,168,875)
	_	3,185,676
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources and are deferred in the funds – change in:		
Shared fisheries business tax		(1,320,000)
Shared fisheries resource landing tax		(810,106)
Property taxes	-	47,201
		(2,082,905)
The issuance of long-term debt and accrual of compensated absences provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net assets:		
Principal repayments		770,951
Amortization of premium and discounts, net		3,277
Proceeds from refunding bond issue		(255,000)
Payment to refunded bond escrow agent		248,314
Change in compensated absences	-	67,281
	_	834,823
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds:		
Accrued interest payable		(15,415)
Change in net assets of governmental activities	\$	(18,820,301)

#### General Fund

## Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund balances - Original and Final Budget and Actual

Year ended June 30, 2010

	_	Original budget	Final budget	Actual amount	Variance with final budget positive (negative)
Revenues:					
Taxes:					
General sales	\$	5,766,667	5,766,667	5,808,605	41,938
Seafood sales		3,700,000	3,700,000	3,594,173	(105,827)
Real property		3,000,000	3,000,000	2,967,262	(32,738)
Personal property		1,350,000	1,350,000	1,282,076	(67,924)
Other		38,000	38,000	56,225	18,225
Intergovernmental:					
Fisheries business tax		3,000,000	4,546,060	4,547,084	1,024
Fisheries resource landing tax		4,500,000	4,652,000	4,676,603	24,603
Payments in lieu of taxes		1,096,791	1,096,791	1,086,803	(9,988)
Corrections contract		481,355	481,355	481,355	72 225
Debt reimbursement		730,290	730,290	803,525	73,235
Other Charges for services		420,200 283,300	568,070	1,146,955	578,885
Charges for services Investment income			289,046	297,658 2,650,449	8,612 50,440
Other revenues		2,600,000 2,017,861	2,600,000 17,804,552	2,030,449 205,598	50,449 (17,598,954)
Total revenues	-	28,984,464	46,622,831	29,604,371	(17,018,460)
	-	20,901,101	10,022,031	29,001,971	(17,010,100)
Expenditures:					
Current:		4 1 4 4 4 7 7	4 702 572	4 012 110	770 452
General government		4,144,477	4,783,572	4,013,119	770,453
Public safety		4,297,948	4,396,856	4,307,627	89,229
Public works Parks, culture, and recreation		5,564,780	5,693,280 2,384,566	5,202,844 2,138,623	490,436 245,943
Community support		2,384,066 707,985	707,985	687,972	20,013
Education		3,762,672	3,762,672	3,736,487	26,185
Debt service:		5,702,072	5,702,072	5,750,407	20,105
Principal		625,996	625,996	770,951	(144,955)
Interest		370,811	370,811	337,165	33,646
Total expenditures	_	21,858,735	22,725,738	21,194,788	1,530,950
-	-	, ,	, , ,	, ,	
Excess of revenues over expenditures	_	7,125,729	23,897,093	8,409,583	(15,487,510)
Other financing sources (uses):					
Refunding bond issue		_		255,000	255,000
Payment to refunded bond escrow agent				(248,314)	(248,314)
Proceeds from the sale of assets		_		102,177	102,177
Transfers in		_	3,251,535	1,207,871	(2,043,664)
Transfers out		(7,125,729)	(27,048,628)	(22,879,240)	4,169,388
Net other financing uses		(7,125,729)	(23,797,093)	(21,562,506)	2,234,587
Excess of revenues and other	-				
financing sources over expenditures and other financing uses	\$		100,000	(13,152,923)	(13,252,923)
Fund balances, beginning of year	*		100,000	51,748,468	(10,202,720)
			*		
Fund balances, end of year			\$	38,595,545	
## 1% Sales Tax Special Revenue Fund

## Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund balances - Budget and Actual

Year ended June 30, 2010

		Buc	lget			Variance with final budget positive
	_	Original	Final		Actual	(negative)
Revenues: Taxes:						
General sales Other revenue	\$	2,883,333 4,016,667	2,883,333 12,016,667		2,904,306	20,973 (12,016,667)
Total revenues	_	6,900,000	14,900,000		2,904,306	(11,995,694)
Expenditures	_					
Excess of revenues over expenditures		6,900,000	14,900,000		2,904,306	(11,995,694)
Other financing (uses): Transfers out	_	(6,900,000)	(14,900,000)		(16,100,000)	(1,200,000)
Net change in fund balance	\$			=	(13,195,694)	(13,195,694)
Fund balances, beginning of year	_			-	16,333,671	
Fund balances, end of year				\$	3,137,977	

### Proprietary Funds

### Statement of Net Assets June 30, 2010

$\begin{array}{c c} \mbox{Current assets:} & - & - & 150 & - & - & 150 \\ Cash and cash equivalents $ $ - & - & 150 & - & - & 150 \\ \mbox{Accounts receivables (net of allowance fee uncollectibles) $ 923,827 $ 145,902 $ 476,993 $ 121,082 $ 172,422 $ 1,840,226 $ Assessments receivable $ & - & 25,194 $ - & - & 78,570 $ 103,764 $ Accounts receivable $ & - & 25,194 $ - & - & - & 78,570 $ 103,764 $ Accounts receivable $ & - & 25,194 $ - & - & - & - & 125,365 $ Interest receivable $ & 17,521 $ - & - & - & - & - & - & 17,521 $ Due from General Fund $ 85,972 $ 5,649,640 $ 38,205,362 $ 6,329,670 $ 7,957,696 $ 58,228,340 $ Inventories $ $ $ 289,488 $ - & 60,209 $ - & - & 349,697 $ $ $ 701 $ Order of the sets $ $ $ $ $ $ $ $ $ $ $ $ $ $ $ $ $ $ $$	Assets	Electric	Water	Ports and Harbors	Solid Waste	Other proprietary funds	Total
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	Current assets:						
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $		_	_	150	_	_	150
Assessments receivable							
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $		923,827	- )	476,993	121,082	. ,	,, -
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		_	25,194		_	78,570	103,764
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		118.227	_	7,138	_	_	125.365
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$			_		_	—	
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $			, ,	38,205,362	, ,	, ,	
Total current assets1,789,1666,153,508 $38,749,852$ 6,498,007 $8,308,544$ $61,499,077$ Noncurrent assets: Restricted assets: Cash held by fiscal agent1,931,9001,931,900Temporary investments3,969,560-5,081,4059,050,965Capital assets, net41,419,55313,435,43436,547,4999,034,62412,789,088113,226,198Total noncurrent assets47,321,01313,435,43441,628,9049,034,62412,789,088124,209,063Total assets49,110,17919,588,94280,378,75615,532,63121,097,632185,708,140LiabilitiesCurrent liabilities: Accounts payable1,649,56371,4641,936,67829,55644,2563,731,517Retainage payable1,664,07713,497617,3752,294,949Accrued payroll and payroll liabilities234,152104,480111,64183,906127,422661,601Accrued interest436,7533,772440,525Bonds and loans payable198,511-43,461241,972Advances from General Fund140,000140,000			332,772		47,255	99,856	
Noncurrent assets: Restricted assets:   Image: matrix asset:   Image: matrix asset: <thi< td=""><td>Deterred charges</td><td>289,488</td><td></td><td>60,209</td><td></td><td></td><td>349,697</td></thi<>	Deterred charges	289,488		60,209			349,697
Restricted assets:Cash held by fiscal agent $1.931.900$ $  -$ <td>Total current assets</td> <td>1,789,166</td> <td>6,153,508</td> <td>38,749,852</td> <td>6,498,007</td> <td>8,308,544</td> <td>61,499,077</td>	Total current assets	1,789,166	6,153,508	38,749,852	6,498,007	8,308,544	61,499,077
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $							
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		1 021 000					1 021 000
Capital assets, net $41,419,553$ $13,435,434$ $36,547,499$ $9,034,624$ $12,789,088$ $113,226,198$ Total noncurrent assets $47,321,013$ $13,435,434$ $41,628,904$ $9,034,624$ $12,789,088$ $124,209,063$ Total assets $49,110,179$ $19,588,942$ $80,378,756$ $15,532,631$ $21,097,632$ $185,708,140$ LiabilitiesCurrent liabilities:Accounts payable $1,649,563$ $71,464$ $1,936,678$ $29,556$ $44,256$ $3,731,517$ Retainage payable $1,664,077$ $13,497$ $617,375$ $  2,294,949$ Accrued payroll and payroll liabilities $234,152$ $104,480$ $111,641$ $83,906$ $127,422$ $661,601$ Accrued interest $436,753$ $   3,772$ $440,525$ Bonds and loans payable $  198,5111$ $ 43,461$ $241,972$ Advances from General Fund $140,000$ $    140,000$			—	5 081 405	_	_	
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $			13.435.434	- , ,	9.034.624	12,789,088	- , ,
Total assets     49,110,179     19,588,942     80,378,756     15,532,631     21,097,632     185,708,140       Liabilities     Current liabilities:     Accounts payable     1,649,563     71,464     1,936,678     29,556     44,256     3,731,517       Retainage payable     1,664,077     13,497     617,375     —     —     2,294,949       Accrued payroll and payroll liabilities     234,152     104,480     111,641     83,906     127,422     661,601       Accrued interest     436,753     —     —     3,772     440,525       Bonds and loans payable     —     —     198,511     —     43,461     241,972       Advances from General Fund     140,000     —     —     —     —     140,000	*				9.034.624		
Liabilities     1.649,563     71,464     1,936,678     29,556     44,256     3,731,517       Current liabilities:     Accounts payable     1,664,077     13,497     617,375     —     —     2,294,949       Accrued payroll and payroll liabilities     234,152     104,480     111,641     83,906     127,422     661,601       Accrued interest     436,753     —     —     3,772     440,525       Bonds and loans payable     —     —     198,511     —     43,461     241,972       Advances from General Fund     140,000     —     —     —     140,000				80 378 756	15 532 631		
Current liabilities:     Accounts payable   1,649,563   71,464   1,936,678   29,556   44,256   3,731,517     Retainage payable   1,664,077   13,497   617,375     2,294,949     Accrued payroll and payroll liabilities   234,152   104,480   111,641   83,906   127,422   661,601     Accrued interest   436,753     3,772   440,525     Bonds and loans payable    198,511    43,461   241,972     Advances from General Fund   140,000      140,000			19,500,912	00,370,750	10,002,001	21,077,032	105,700,110
$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$							
Retainage payable   1,664,077   13,497   617,375   —   —   2,294,949     Accrued payroll and payroll liabilities   234,152   104,480   111,641   83,906   127,422   661,601     Accrued interest   436,753   —   —   —   3,772   440,525     Bonds and loans payable   —   —   198,511   —   43,461   241,972     Advances from General Fund   140,000   —   —   —   —   140,000		1 640 562	71 161	1 026 679	20.556	11 256	2 721 517
Accrued payroll and payroll liabilities   234,152   104,480   111,641   83,906   127,422   661,601     Accrued interest   436,753   —   —   —   3,772   440,525     Bonds and loans payable   —   —   198,511   —   43,461   241,972     Advances from General Fund   140,000   —   —   —   —   140,000		) )	. , -	, ,	29,550	44,230	- )
Accrued interest 436,753 — — — 3,772 440,525   Bonds and loans payable — — 198,511 — 43,461 241,972   Advances from General Fund 140,000 — — — 140,000					83,906	127,422	
Advances from General Fund 140,000 — — — — 140,000							
			—	198,511	—	43,461	
Deferred revenue $-$ 1,288 $-$ 1,012 2,300		140,000	1 200	—	—		
Customer deposits 162,756 26,780 — 4,447 43,939 237,922		162 756			4 447	<i>)</i> -	
$\begin{array}{c} \text{Customer deposits} & 102,750 & 20,780 & - & 4,447 & 45,759 & 257,522 \\ \text{Other} & - & - & 153,215 & - & 153,215 \end{array}$		102,750	20,780	_	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	43,939	
Total current liabilities 4.287,301 217,509 2.864.205 271,124 263,862 7,904,001	Total current liabilities	4.287.301	217,509	2,864,205	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	263.862	
Noncurrent liabilities:	Noncurrent lighilities:						
Bonds and loans payable $25,035,660 - 4,911,537 - 308,743 - 30,255,940$		25 035 660		4 911 537	_	308 743	30 255 940
Advances from General Fund 1.820,000 — — — — 43,533 1.863,533			_		_	)	/ /
Accrued landfill closure and post		,- ,				- ,	,
closure costs 4,412,820 4,412,820	closure costs				4,412,820		4,412,820
Total noncurrent liabilities     26,855,660     —     4,911,537     4,412,820     352,276     36,532,293	Total noncurrent liabilities	26,855,660		4,911,537	4,412,820	352,276	36,532,293
Total liabilities     31,142,961     217,509     7,775,742     4,683,944     616,138     44,436,294	Total liabilities	31,142,961	217,509	7,775,742	4,683,944	616,138	44,436,294
Net Assets	Net Assets						
Invested in capital assets net of	Invested in capital assets net of						
related debt 20,325,353 13,435,434 31,437,451 9,034,624 12,436,884 86,669,746		20,325,353	13,435,434	31,437,451	9,034,624	12,436,884	
Unrestricted (2,358,135) 5,935,999 41,165,563 1,814,063 8,044,610 54,602,100	Unrestricted	(2,358,135)	5,935,999	41,165,563	1,814,063	8,044,610	54,602,100
Total net assets     \$ 17,967,218     19,371,433     72,603,014     10,848,687     20,481,494     141,271,846	Total net assets \$	17,967,218	19,371,433	72,603,014	10,848,687	20,481,494	141,271,846

## Proprietary Funds

## Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Net Assets

## Year ended June 30, 2010

	_	Electric	Water	Ports and Harbors	Solid Waste	Other proprietary funds	Total
Operating revenues: Charges for services Other	\$	10,488,583 67,154	1,869,872 30,039	3,986,286 55,154	1,111,157 25,438	1,978,139 35,075	19,434,037 212,860
Total operating revenues	_	10,555,737	1,899,911	4,041,440	1,136,595	2,013,214	19,646,897
Operating expenses: Operations General and administrative Payment in lieu of taxes Landfill closure and post closure care costs Depreciation and amortization	_	9,328,664 761,272 23,008 	837,019 395,614 34,758 — 804,129	1,615,198 789,798 263,692  1,278,728	1,162,987 194,466 42,179 50,837 363,489	1,137,808 656,851 98,660 	14,081,676 2,798,001 462,297 50,837 3,538,431
Total operating expenses	_	10,424,889	2,071,520	3,947,416	1,813,958	2,673,459	20,931,242
Operating income (loss)	_	130,848	(171,609)	94,024	(677,363)	(660,245)	(1,284,345)
Nonoperating revenues (expenses): Investment earnings Interest expense Environmental remediation costs Other Loss on disposition of assets	-	56,545 (169,547) (3,359,875) (20,379)	(745) 	775	(71)	(6,866)	57,320 (177,229) (3,359,875) (39,468)
Net nonoperating revenues (expenses)	_	(3,493,256)	(19,834)	775	(71)	(6,866)	(3,519,252)
Income (loss) before capital contributions and transfers		(3,362,408)	(191,443)	94,799	(677,434)	(667,111)	(4,803,597)
Capital contributions Transfers in Transfers out	_		72,810	1,147,865 25,951,642 	13,937 208,440 	1,448,377 (1,900,000)	1,161,802 27,681,269 (1,900,000)
Change in net assets		(3,362,408)	(118,633)	27,194,306	(455,057)	(1,118,734)	22,139,474
Net assets, beginning of year	_	21,329,626	19,490,066	45,408,708	11,303,744	21,600,228	119,132,372
Net assets, end of year	\$ _	17,967,218	19,371,433	72,603,014	10,848,687	20,481,494	141,271,846

Proprietary Funds

Statement of Cash Flows

Year ended June 30, 2010

	Electric utility	Water utility	Ports and harbors	Solid waste	Other enterprise funds	Total enterprise funds
Cash flows from operating activities: Receipts from customers and users Payments to employees Payments to vendors	\$ 10,570,004 (7,204,630) (2,192,942)	1,917,784 (778,904) (862,746)	3,827,193 949,730 (1,175,303)	1,133,064 (542,488) (864,774)	2,017,201 (739,529) (1,153,776)	19,465,246 (8,315,821) (6,249,541)
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	1,172,432	276,134	3,601,620	(274,198)	123,896	4,899,884
Cash flows from noncapital and related financing activities: Transfers in	140,000	53,721	25,951,646	222,377	(451,622)	25,916,122
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities: Proceeds from issuance of debt Interest payments on long-term obligations Repayment of capital projects advances from General Func Acquisition and construction of capital assets Proceeds from sale of capital assets Capital contributions	$(169,547) \\ (104,340) \\ (20,514,124) \\ 4 \\ 439,293$	(745) (1,104,176) 65,485	5,110,048 	(71) (195,620) —	(43,461) (226,674) 	5,110,048 (170,363) (147,801) (27,409,591) 65,489 2,022,706
Net cash provided (used) by capital and related financing activities	(20,348,714)	(1,039,436)	1,324,464	(195,691)	(270,135)	(20,529,512)
Cash flows from investing activities: Purchase of investments Acquisition of restricted assets Interest and dividends received	13,778,846 1,931,900 436,753		(5,081,405) 			8,697,441 1,931,900 437,528
Net cash provided (used) by investing activities	16,147,499		(5,080,630)			11,066,869
Change in cash and due from General Fund	(2,888,783)	(709,581)	25,797,100	(247,512)	(597,861)	21,353,363
Cash and due from other funds, beginning of year	2,974,755	6,359,221	12,408,262	6,577,182	8,555,557	36,874,977
Cash and due from other funds, end of year	\$ 85,972	5,649,640	38,205,362	6,329,670	7,957,696	58,228,340
Reconciliation to balance sheet: Cash Due from other funds	\$	5,649,640	150 38,205,362	6,329,670	7,957,696	150 58,228,340
Cash and due from General Fund, June 30, 2010	\$ 85,972	5,649,640	38,205,512	6,329,670	7,957,696	58,228,490

Proprietary Funds

Statement of Cash Flows

Year ended June 30, 2010

	E	lectric utility	Water utility	Ports and harbors	Solid waste	Other enterprise funds	Total enterprise funds
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash							
provided (used) by operating activities:							
Operating income (loss)	\$	130,848	(171,609)	94,024	(677,363)	(660,245)	(1,284,345)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash							
provided (used) by operating activities:							
Depreciation and amortization		311,945	804,129	1,278,728	363,489	780,140	3,538,431
Amortization of landfill				—	50,833		50,833
Changes in assets and liabilities that provided (used) cash:							
Accounts receivable		(131,731)	5,932	(216,245)	(3,553)	(8,998)	(354,595)
Assessments receivable			10,026	—		10,547	20,573
Accounts receivable – State of Alaska		(82,211)		—	—		(82,211)
Inventories		(23,856)	(11,506)	—	(976)	(2,247)	(38,585)
Prepaid expenses		—		2,000	—		2,000
Refundable deposits		—	_	2,000	—	7,030	9,030
Interest receivable		80,986	—	—	_	—	80,986
Deferred charges and other assets		88,479	_	(60,209)	—	—	28,270
Accounts payable		(251,854)	(353,928)	1,891,255	(1,743)	(19,711)	1,264,019
Retainage payable		1,201,664	(25,746)	615,888		_	1,791,806
Accrued payroll and payroll liabilities		(154,037)	16,920	(5,821)	(4,907)	22,274	(125,571)
Customer deposits		2,199	1,020	—	22	1,734	4,975
Deferred revenue		_	896	_	_	704	1,600
Accrued interest						(7,332)	(7,332)
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$	1,172,432	276,134	3,601,620	(274,198)	123,896	4,899,884

#### Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2010

## (1) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

### (a) Reporting Entity

The City of Unalaska, Alaska (the City), was incorporated in 1942 as a first class city and operates under a Council – Manager form of government. The City provides a variety of services including police and fire protections; electric, water, wastewater and solid waste services; port harbor and airport terminal services; the construction and maintenance of streets and infrastructure; and recreational activities and cultural events.

As required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, these basic financial statements present the City and its component unit, an entity for which the City is considered to be financially accountable. The discretely presented component unit is reported in a separate column in the government-wide financial statements to emphasize it is legally separate from the City.

## Discretely Presented Component Unit – Unalaska City School District

The Unalaska City School District (School District) is responsible for elementary and secondary education within the City's jurisdiction. The members of the School District's governing board are elected by registered voters of the City. However, the School District is fiscally dependent upon the City because the City Council approves the School District's budget, levies taxes to finance operations (if necessary) and must approve any debt issuances.

Complete financial statements of the School District can be obtained from the Unalaska City School District, P.O. Box 570, Unalaska, AK 99685.

## (b) Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statements of net assets and activities) report information on all of the activities of the primary government and its component unit. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the total columns in the statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. Likewise, the primary government is reported separately from the legally separate component unit for which the primary government is financially accountable.

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and proprietary funds. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

### Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2010

## (c) Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Basis of Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 45 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Property tax, sales tax, licenses, and interest are susceptible to accrual. Other receipts and taxes become measurable and available when cash is received by the City and are recognized as revenue at that time.

Entitlements and shared revenues are recorded at the time of receipt or earlier if the susceptible to accrual criteria are met. Expenditure-driven grants, including capital grants, recognize revenue when the qualifying expenditures have been incurred and all other grant requirements have been met.

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

- The *General Fund* is the City's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.
- The *1% Sales Tax Special Revenue Fund* accounts for special projects financed by a percentage of sales tax revenues generated.
- The *Major Equipment Capital Project Fund* accounts for major equipment capital projects within the governmental funds.

The City reports the following major proprietary funds:

- The *Electric Utility Fund* accounts for the operations of the City-owned Electric Utility.
- The *Water Utility Fund* accounts for the operations of the City-owned Water Utility.
- The *Ports and Harbors Fund* accounts for operations at the International Port of Dutch Harbor and the Unalaska Marine Center.
- The *Solid Waste Fund* accounts for operations of the City-owned landfill.

#### Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2010

Additionally, the City reports the following fund types:

*Special Revenue Funds* – account for revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditure for specific purposes (not including expendable trusts or major capital projects).

*Capital Project Funds* – accounts for the acquisition of fixed assets or construction of major capital projects not being financed by proprietary funds.

Private-sector standards of accounting and financial reporting issued prior to December 1, 1989, generally are followed in both the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements to the extent that those standards do not conflict with or contradict guidance of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). Governments also have the option of following subsequent private-sector guidance for their business-type activities and enterprise funds, subject to this same limitation. The government has elected not to follow subsequent private-sector guidance.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are payment in lieu of taxes paid by the enterprise funds to the General Fund and charges between the government's various utility functions and various other functions of the government. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the enterprise funds are charges to customers for sales and services. Other operating income consists primarily of late fees on unpaid balances and connection fees intended to recover the cost of connecting new customers to the applicable system. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the City's policy to use restricted resources first, and then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

## (d) Assets, Liabilities, and Net Assets

### 1. Deposits and Investments

The City's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and certificates of deposit with original maturities of three months or less from date of acquisition. In proprietary funds, the City considers changes in amounts due to/from other funds as cash and cash equivalent transactions on the statement of cash flows.

#### Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2010

There are no statutory limitations on the type of investments allowed; however, there are policies in place listing accepted investment vehicles as noted below:

- a. Obligations of, the United States and of an agency or instrumentality of the United States;
- b. Certificates of deposit; those over \$250,000 must be secured by eligible collateral;
- c. Repurchase agreements secured by obligations of the Treasury of the United States and obligations of an agency or instrumentality of the United States. A Master Repurchase Agreement must be signed with the bank or dealer, before repurchase agreements are entered into;
- d. The Alaska Municipal League Investment Pool, Inc. made in accordance with the terms of that Pool's "Common Investment Agreement"; and in accordance with AS 37.23.010-37.23.900;
- e. Commercial paper and other short-term taxable instruments that, at the time of investment, maintain the highest rating by at least two nationally recognized rating services;
- f. Obligations of a corporation domiciled in the United States or obligations of a municipality if the obligations are rated AA or higher by at least one nationally recognized rating service at the time of investment; and
- g. Money market accounts in which the securities of the account consist of obligations listed in this section and otherwise meet the requirements of the City's investment policy.

Collateralization is required on two types of investments: certificates of deposit over \$250,000 and repurchase agreements. In order to anticipate market changes and provide a level of security for all monies, the collateralization level is (100)% of market value of principal and accrued interest.

All investments are recorded at fair value when quoted market prices are available. Differences between fair value and cost are included as a component of investment income. The City's budget ordinance requires that all investment income be recorded in the General Fund unless State or federal laws, regulations or grant conditions require otherwise.

The City's budget ordinance requires that all investment earnings that are not legally or contractually required to be recorded in a specific fund must be recorded in the General Fund. The amount of investment earnings that would have otherwise been assigned to other funds is not known.

### Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2010

## 2. Receivables and Payables

Transactions between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as "internal balances" on the statement of net assets and as "advances to/from other funds" in the fund level financial statements. In the fund level financial statements advances between funds are offset by a fund balance reserve account in applicable governmental funds to indicate they are not available for appropriation and are not expendable, available financial resources.

All outstanding current balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds" in the fund level financial statements. These balances represent the numerous transactions that occur during the course of operations between individual funds for goods provided or services rendered. On the statement of cash flows for proprietary funds, these are treated as cash and cash equivalent transactions.

All trade and property tax receivables are shown net of an allowance for doubtful receivables. The allowance for doubtful receivables is an estimate of the amount uncollectible based on past experience.

Property taxes are levied as of January 1 on property values assessed by an appraisal company. Assessment notices are mailed on or before March 31. Tax bills are mailed on or before June 30. The first half of the payment is due in August and the second half is due in October. Personal property supplemental and involuntary tax rolls are not eligible for two payment dates and are due in full in August. Penalties and interest are assessed the day after the due date.

## **3.** Inventories and Prepaid Items

Inventories are valued at cost using the weighted average method. The costs of governmental and proprietary fund inventories are recorded as expenditures when consumed rather than when purchased.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items.

### 4. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements and the proprietary fund financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the City as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$50,000 (amount not rounded) in governmental funds and \$10,000 (amount not rounded) in proprietary funds and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. All capital assets are reported including those purchased or acquired before June 30, 1980. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets or capital assets received in exchange are recorded at their estimated fair value at the date of donation or exchange. Interest incurred during construction is not capitalized on general capital assets.

#### Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2010

The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized.

All capital assets acquired or constructed for general governmental and School District purposes are reported as expenditures in the fund that finances the asset acquisition.

Property and equipment acquired by proprietary funds are reported in those funds at cost or at estimated fair market value at time of donation.

Capital assets of the primary government are depreciated using the straight–line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Utility distribution system and improvements	20-40 years
Buildings and improvements	20-40 years
Motor vehicles and motorized equipment	5-10 years
Furniture, machinery, and equipment	5-10 years
Dock and improvements	20-40 years

## 5. Compensated Absences

It is the City's policy to permit employees to accumulate earned but unused annual leave benefits. All annual leave pay is accrued when incurred in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements. During 2010 and in prior years, the General Fund has liquidated the liability for compensated absences.

#### 6. Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net assets. Bond premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are reported as deferred charges and amortized over the term of the related debt.

In the governmental fund financial statements bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, are recognized during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

### Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2010

## 7. Fund Equity

In the fund level financial statements, governmental funds report reservations of fund balance for amounts that are not available for appropriation or are legally restricted by outside parties for use for a specific purpose. Designations of fund balance represent tentative management plans that are subject to change.

## 8. Net Assets

In the government-wide financial statements, net assets are reported in three categories; net assets invested in capital assets (net of debt, when applicable); restricted net assets; and unrestricted net assets. Net assets are reported as restricted when constraints placed on net asset use are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

## (e) Recently Issued Accounting Pronouncements

In fiscal year 2010, the City adopted the following new accounting pronouncements issued by the GASB:

- GASB Statement No. 51, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Intangible Assets*. Implementation of this Statement had no material effect on amounts reported in the City's government–wide financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2010.
- GASB Statement No 53, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Derivative Instruments. This Statement requires the City to report its derivative instruments at fair value. Changes in fair value for effective hedges are to be reported as deferrals on the statement of net assets, changes in fair value of derivative instruments are to be reported in the investment section of the statement of activities. Implementation of this Statement had no material effect on amounts reported in the City's government–wide financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2010.

In February 2009, GASB issued GASB Statement No. 54, *Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions*. This Statement establishes new categories for reporting fund balance information that is identifying amounts that is considered nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned based on the relative strength of the constraints that control how specific amounts can be spent. This Statement also revises the definitions for governmental fund types to clarity and consistency. The requirements of this Statement are effective for financial statements for periods beginning after June 15, 2010.

## (2) Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability

## (a) Budgetary Information

## City

Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles for all governmental funds except the Capital Projects Funds, which adopt project-length budgets.

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2010

Governmental funds with adopted annual budgets include the General Fund and Special Revenue Funds. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year-end. Enterprise funds are financed through user charges related to providing goods and services to the general public and have annually adopted operating budgets and project length capital budgets.

The appropriated budget is prepared by fund, function, and department. Budgetary control is exercised at the function level as stated and presented in the ordinance adopting the budget. The City Manager is authorized to transfer budget amounts between expenditure categories within any function; however, any supplemental appropriations that amend the total expenditures of any function or fund, require a City ordinance. Reported budgeted amounts are as originally adopted or as amended by ordinance.

The City Council made supplemental budgetary appropriations throughout the year, the majority of which were increases in the Capital Project Funds related to major construction projects. Other supplemental budgetary appropriations in other funds were not considered material.

The City's original budget document is available from the City at P.O. Box 610, Unalaska, AK 99685-0610 or on the web at: www.unalaska-ak.us.

Project budgets are adopted for various Capital Project Funds based on the lives of the construction projects. Expenditure authority is limited to the actual revenue and transfers in.

#### **School District**

The adopted School Operating Fund budget is submitted to the City for approval of the local appropriation, then to the State of Alaska, Department of Education and Early Development for review to determine compliance with Alaska statutes and Department regulations.

### (b) Fund Equity

### **Designations of Fund Balances**

The fund balance at June 30, 2010 of the General Fund has been designated by the City Council for future possible uses as follows:

General fund designations:		
Working Capital "Rainy Day Fund"	\$	13,000,000
Street Paving		6,000,000
Compensated Absences		1,000,000
Waste Heat Recovery		300,000
Water Treatment Plant		3,600,000
Wastewater Treatment Plant		6,100,000
Summer Bay Rd Re-alignment		1,500,000
Leachate Flow Leveling	_	3,000,000
General fund total	\$	34,500,000

### Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2010

## (3) Detailed Notes On All Funds

### (a) Cash and Investments

The City maintains a cash and investment pool for use by all funds.

## **Deposits**

At June 30, 2010, the City's carrying amount of bank deposits was \$1,195,576 and the bank balance was \$1,402,351. The \$206,775 difference represents outstanding checks and other reconciling items.

## **Custodial Credit Risk – Deposits**

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the City's deposits may not be returned to it. As of June 30, 2010, the City's deposits were covered by federal depository insurance or by collateral held by the City's agent or pledging financial institution's trust department or agent in the name of the City, and thus had no deposits that were exposed to custodial credit risk.

## **Interest Rate Risk**

As a means of limiting its exposure to fair value losses arising from rising interest rates, the City's investment policy limits the City's investment portfolio to maturities of less than five years.

## **Credit Risk**

City policies authorize the City to invest in obligations of the U.S. Treasury, U.S. government agencies, Certificates of Deposits, repurchase agreements, and the Alaska Municipal League Investment Pool.

The City's investment in the bonds of U.S. agencies were rated AAA by Standard & Poor's and Fitch Ratings, and AAAQ by Moody's Investors Services, Corporate bond ratings are AA or higher.

### Investments

As of June 30, 2010, the City has the following investments and maturities.

		Investment maturities (in years)						
	-	Fair value	Less than 1	1 – 2	2 – 3	3 – 5		
AML investment pool	\$	22,901,781	22,901,781		_	_		
Wells Fargo money market		976,904	976,904					
U S. government obligations		64,845,562	12,694,531	23,926,393	17,593,621	10,631,017		
Corporate bonds		24,156,971	6,063,890	9,969,826	5,793,800	2,329,455		
Mortgage/asset backed								
securities		4,238,301	32,100	2,303,101	1,903,100	_		
Private debt obligations	-	1,016,350			1,016,350			
	\$	118,135,869	42,669,206	36,199,320	26,306,871	12,960,472		

#### Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2010

Reconciliation of cash and investments to the amounts on the statement of net assets is as follows:

Cash and cash equivalents:		
Petty cash	\$	1,550
Demand deposits		1,195,576
Time certificates of deposits	_	240,000
Total cash	\$	1,437,126
Investments:		
<b>—</b>		
Temporary investments	\$	26,871,340
Temporary investments Long-term investments	\$	26,871,340 91,264,529

The Alaska Municipal League Investment Pool, Inc. (AMLIP), represents the City's share of ownership in the pool rather than ownership of specific securities. AMLIP is considered to be an external investment pool as defined by GAAP. AMLIP is not SEC-registered and is unrated. Regulatory oversight of the pool is established by Alaska Statute 37.23. The law sets forth numerous requirements regarding authorized investments and reporting. The pool is incorporated in the State of Alaska as a nonprofit corporation and reports to a board of directors. Alaska Statute 37.23.050 requires the retention of an investment manager.

The manager is required to produce monthly disclosure statements on the pool. The pool also has retained an investment adviser who monitors the performance of the investment manager to ensure compliance with investment policies. All participation in the pool is voluntary. The pool must maintain a dollar-weighted average maturity of 90 days or less, and only purchase instruments having remaining maturities of 397 days or less. On a monthly basis, the investments in the pool are reviewed for fair value by an independent pricing service. As of June 30, 2010, the fair value of the investments in the pool approximates amortized cost and is equal to the value of pool shares.

#### Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2010

### (b) Receivables

Receivables as of year-end for the City's individual major funds and nonmajor funds in the aggregate, including the applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts, are as follows:

	Gov	ernmental activ	vities					
	General fund	1% sales tax special revenue fund	Nonmajor govern- mental funds	Electric utility	Water utility	Poris and harbors	Solid waste	Nonmajor business type
Receivables:								
Interest	\$ 502,497		_	17,521			—	
Taxes	1,382,295	483,973	12,341	_			—	
Accounts	149,016		9,317	933,827	155,902	486,993	122,082	181,422
Special assessments	5,103		_	_	25,194		—	78,570
State of Alaska	6,481,972	_	—	118,227	_	7,138		_
Other								
Gross receivables	8,520,883	483,973	21,658	1,069,575	181,096	494,131	122,082	259,992
Less allowance for uncollectibles				(10,000)	(10,000)	(10,000)	(1,000)	(9,000)
Net receivables	\$ 8,520,883	483,973	21,658	1,059,575	171,096	484,131	121,082	250,992

The only receivables not expected to be collected within one year are a total of approximately \$109,000 of special assessments reported in the General, Water, and Wastewater funds.

Governmental funds report *deferred revenue* in connection with receivables for revenues that are not considered to be available to liquidate liabilities of the current period. Governmental funds also defer revenue recognition in connection with resources that have been received, but not yet earned. At the end of the current fiscal year, the various components of *deferred revenue* reported in the governmental funds were as follows:

Shared fisheries business tax	\$	2,880,000
Shared fisheries resource landing tax		3,230,000
Property taxes		34,013
Sales taxes		56,430
Special assessments		5,644
School debt reimbursement due from		
the State	_	292,725
	\$	6,498,812

## Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2010

## (c) Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2010 was as follows:

	-	Balance July 1, 2009	Increases	Decreases	Balance June 30, 2010
Governmental activities: Capital assets, not being					
depreciated:	\$	20, 200, 225		((22))	20,280,602
Land	\$	29,290,235	<i>C</i> 279 052	(632)	29,289,603
Construction in progress	-	8,606,263	6,378,952	(83,635)	14,901,580
Total	-	37,896,498	6,378,952	(84,267)	44,191,183
Capital assets, being depreciated:					
Buildings		52,606,948	_	(20,790)	52,586,158
Infrastructure		22,971,745	83,635	(86,835)	22,968,545
Machinery and					
equipment	_	7,824,570		(507,460)	7,317,110
Total	-	83,403,263	83,635	(615,085)	82,871,813
Less accumulated depreciation for:					
Buildings		(19,894,250)	(1,331,667)	20,790	(21,205,127)
Infrastructure		(12,817,150)	(1,413,576)	65,849	(14,164,877)
Machinery and					
equipment	-	(5,453,371)	(423,633)	504,677	(5,372,327)
Total	-	(38,164,771)	(3,168,876)	591,316	(40,742,331)
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net		45,238,492	(3,085,241)	(23,769)	42,129,482
Governmental-type activities, net	\$	83,134,990	3,293,711	(108,036)	86,320,665

## Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2010

	-	Balance July 1, 2009	Increases	Decreases	Balance June 30, 2010
Business-type activities:					
Capital assets, not being					
depreciated:	ф.	2 200 476			2 200 474
Land	\$	3,309,476		(244.651)	3,309,476
Construction in progress	-	30,915,548	27,149,817	(244,651)	57,820,714
Total	-	34,225,024	27,149,817	(244,651)	61,130,190
Capital assets, being					
depreciated:					
Buildings		19,935,442		(13,104)	19,922,338
Infrastructure		85,826,278	244,651	(4,110,654)	81,960,275
Machinery and					
equipment	-	4,717,485		(12,338)	4,705,147
Total	-	110,479,205	244,651	(4,136,096)	106,587,760
Less accumulated					
depreciation for:					
Buildings		(9,167,124)	(616,541)	11,793	(9,771,872)
Infrastructure		(38,887,160)	(2,763,037)	982,537	(40,667,660)
Machinery and					
equipment	-	(3,905,705)	(158,853)	12,338	(4,052,220)
Total	-	(51,959,989)	(3,538,431)	1,006,668	(54,491,752)
Total capital assets, being					
depreciated, net		58,519,216	(3,293,780)	(3,129,428)	52,096,008
- Desires (s	-				
Business-type activities, net	\$	92,744,240	23,856,037	(3,374,079)	113,226,198

Depreciation expense was charged to the departments and functions of the primary government as follows:

General government	\$	119,269
Public safety		269,538
Public works		1,143,943
Parks, culture, and recreation		934,743
Education	_	701,383
Total – governmental	_	
activities	\$	3,168,876
	-	

#### Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2010

Business-type activities:	
Electric	\$ 311,945
Water	804,129
Ports and harbors	1,278,728
Solid waste	363,489
Wastewater	458,423
Airport	253,780
Housing	 67,937
Total – business-type	
activities	\$ 3,538,431

## (d) Interfund Receivables, Payables, and Transfers

Current interfund receivables and payables are shown as "Due from other funds" or "Due to other funds" in the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet and the Proprietary Funds Statement of Net Assets and as internal balances in the statement of net assets. These balances at June 30, 2010 were as follows:

Receivable	_	Payable General Fund
1% Sales Tax Special Revenue Fund	\$	2,662,176
Capital equipment and small projects		14,252,530
Nonmajor governmental funds		400,831
Electric		85,972
Water		5,649,640
Ports and harbors		38,205,362
Solid waste		6,329,670
Nonmajor enterprise funds		7,957,696
	\$	75,543,877

The outstanding balances between funds result mainly from the time lag between the dates that (1) interfund goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur, (2) transactions are recorded in the accounting system, and (3) payments between funds are made.

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2010

Interfund receivables and payables that are not current are shown and are also included in internal balances on the statement of net assets. These balances at June 30, 2010, were as follows:

	_	Advances to	
General fund	\$		2,003,533
Enterprise funds:			
Electric utility:			
Current portion		140,000	—
Long-term portion		1,820,000	—
Housing – long term		43,533	
	\$	2,003,533	2,003,533

On April 27, 2004, the City Council approved a long-term advance from the General Fund to the Electric Utility Fund in the amount of \$2,800,000 to be paid back in twenty annual installments, interest free. Payments are due on May 1<sup>st</sup> of each year.

No formal agreement exists related to the advance to the Housing Enterprise Fund. The amount represents the amounts borrowed from the General Fund that are not expected to be repaid within one year.

A summary of transfers between funds of the City for the year ended June 30, 2010 follows:

	Transfers out					
Transfers in	General Fund	1% Sales tax	Major Equip. cap proj fund	Nonmajor Ent. Funds		
General Fund		1,200,000	7,871			
Major Equipment Capital						
Project Fund	\$ 4,393,924	6,900,000				
Nonmajor governmental funds	704,047					
Major enterprise fund:						
Solid waste	208,440	—	—	—		
Water utility	72,810					
Ports and harbors	16,051,642	8,000,000		1,900,000		
Nonmajor enterprise funds	1,448,377					
	\$ 22,879,240	16,100,000	7,871	1,900,000		

A summary of significant transfers are as follows:

- The General Fund transferred \$4,393,924 to the Major Equipment Capital Projects Fund for capital additions.
- The General Fund transferred \$704,047 to the Road to LSA Special Revenue Fund for capital additions.

### Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2010

- The General Fund transferred \$208,440 to the Solid Waste Fund for capital additions.
- The General Fund transferred \$16,051,642 to the Ports and Harbors Fund for capital additions.
- The General Fund transferred \$1,400,000 to the Housing Fund for capital additions.
- The 1% Sales Tax Special Revenue Fund transferred \$1,200,000 to the General fund to replenish funds transferred from the General Fund to the Ports and Harbors Fund for capital additions.
- The 1% Sales Tax Special Revenue Fund transferred \$6,900,000 to the Major Equipment and Capital Projects Fund for capital additions.
- The 1% Sales Tax Special Revenue Fund transferred \$8,000,000 to the Ports and Harbor Fund for capital additions.
- The Housing Fund transferred \$1,900,000 to the Ports and Harbors Fund for capital additions.

## (e) Operating Leases

On June 30, 1981, the City and Ounalashka Corporation signed a 30-year lease with two 10-year renewal options for land at the Spit Dock. Lease payments are \$3,114 per month with the amount to be reevaluated every 5 years.

On July 6, 1983, the City and the State of Alaska Department of Transportation and Public Facilities entered into a 40-year lease (ADA-05248) for the land for the Airport Terminal. Annual payments of \$7,030 are due July 6 each year and the rental rate is not subject to change until May 1, 2012. This lease expires July 6, 2023.

On February 10, 1984, the City and the United Methodist Ministries entered into a 25-year lease for land for a community ballpark. The lease was renewed for one year in February 2009 at a rate of \$6,000 per year.

On October 2, 1992, the City and North Pacific Fuel entered into a lease agreement for office space for the Port and Harbor Offices. The lease was renewed for one year in October 2008 at a rate of \$2,613 per month.

On January 3, 1996, the City and the State of Alaska Department of Transportation entered into a 40-year lease (ADA-07158) for the Amaknak Fire Station land. Annual payments of \$2,562 are due January 1 each year, ending January 2, 2035.

On November 12, 1999, the City entered into a sublease agreement with Delta Western Fuel for a weather station. Lease payments are \$100 monthly and ends June 30, 2014.

On May 1, 2000, the City and Ounalashka Corporation entered into a 25-year lease with five 5-year renewal options for land at the Light Cargo Dock. Lease payments are \$4,196 per month with the amount to be reevaluated every 5 years. Next evaluation is 2010.

On July 1, 2005, the City and Ounalashka Corporation agreed on an easement grant for a marine bollard. The terms of this agreement require a payment of \$675 for 10 years, one-half payable on

#### Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2010

execution of the agreement and the remaining one-half is to be paid at the end of the fifth year of the easement term.

On January 1, 2009, the City and the State of Alaska Department of Transportation and Public Facilities entered into a 3-year land use permit (ADA-08620) for the airport long-term parking land. Annual payments of \$1,615 are due January 1 each year.

On July 1, 2010, the City and Matthew and Joni Scott entered into a 1-year apartment lease. Monthly payments are \$1,300 due the first day of each month. The lease will end June 30, 2011.

Rent expense for the year ended June 30, 2010 was \$160,812.

The future commitment for operating lease payments follows:

2011	\$	122,293
2012		61,148
2013		61,148
2014		61,148
2015		59,948
2016 - 2020		299,737
2021 - 2025		285,677
2026 - 2030		210,035
2031 - 2035		12,808
2036	_	10,248
	\$	1,184,190

### Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2010

## (f) Long-Term Debt

*General Obligation Bonds.* The City issues general obligation bonds to provide monies for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities. General obligation bonds are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the City. These bonds generally are issued as serial bonds with equal amounts of principal maturing each year.

General obligation bonds currently outstanding are as follows:

	_	Principal balance
Governmental activities:		
General obligation bonds:		
1981 school bond issued October 1, 1981 for \$2,500,000, interest		
rate 5%, due in annual installments of \$162,625 to 2011, payable		
to CapMark Finance, Inc.	\$	291,644
2005 school bonds issued March 22, 2005 for \$3,295,000, interest		
rates of 2.5% to 4.25% due in semiannual installments of		
\$30,000 to \$405,000 to 2020, payable to the Alaska Municipal		
Bond Bank Authority		3,150,000
2009 school bonds issued March 1, 2009 for \$4,470,000, interest		
rates of 1.32% to 4.75% due in semiannual installments of		
\$370,000 to 535,000 to 2019, payable to the Alaska Municipal		
Bond Bank Authority		4,100,000
2010 school bonds issued March 1, 2010 for \$255,000 interest		
rate of 2% due in one installment of \$255,000 in 2011, to the		
Alaska Municipal Bond Bank (refunding of 2000 issue)		255,000
Total	\$	7,796,644

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2010

*Other debt.* The City issues other debt instruments in connection with its business-type activities. Other debt balances are as follows:

	_	Principal balance
Business-type activities:		
2009 Revenue bonds issued in 2009 for \$25,000,000, interest rates of		
3.00% to 5.75%, due in semiannual installments of \$625,000 to		
\$1,825,000, to 2034, payable to the Alaska Municipal Bond Bank		
Authority	\$	25,000,000
2010 Taxable General Obligation Bonds issued in 2010 for \$2,270,000,		
interest rates of 2% to 5% due in semiannual installments of		
\$180,000 to \$440,000 to 2021, payable to the Alaska Municipal Bond		
Bank Authority		2,270,000
2010 General Obligation Bonds issued in 2010 for \$2,730,000, interest		
rates of 5.993% to 6.341% due in semiannual installments of \$255,000		
to \$355,000, to 2030 payable to the Alaska Municipal Bond Bank		
Authority		2,730,000
Wastewater – loan:		
1997 1.50% Alaska Clean Water Act loan payable in annual		
installments over 20 years		311,583
1997 1.50% Alaska Clean Water Act loan payable in annual		10 10 1
installments over 20 years	_	40,621
Total	\$	30,352,204

## Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2010

## **Changes in Long-Term Liabilities**

Changes in long-term liabilities for the year ended June 30, 2010, was as follows:

	Balance July 1, 2009	Additions	Reductions	Balance June 30, 2010	Due within one year
Governmental activities:					
Bonds payable:					
General Obligation Bonds \$	8,557,595	255,000	(1,015,951)	7,796,644	823,043
Premium on Bonds	59,326	_	(6,592)	52,734	6,592
Compensated absences	935,211	1,376,328	(1,443,609)	867,930	867,930
Governmental activity					
long-term					
liabilities \$	9,552,132	1,631,328	(2,466,152)	8,717,308	1,697,565
Business-type activities-					
Bonds payable:					
Revenue bonds \$	25,000,000	_	_	25,000,000	
Go Bonds – tax exempt	_	2,270,000	_	2,270,000	185,000
BAM taxable	_	2,730,000	_	2,730,000	_
Premium on Bonds	38,442	110,048	(2,782)	145,708	13,511
Other contracts and loans:					
Loans	395,665		(43,461)	352,204	43,461
Accrued landfill closure and			_		
postclosure care costs	4,515,198	50,837	_	4,566,035	153,215
Compensated absences	301,927	523,944	(458,765)	367,106	367,106
Business-type activity- long-term					
liabilities \$	30,251,232	5,684,829	(505,008)	35,431,053	762,293

## Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2010

Annual Debt Service requirements to maturity for governmental activities general obligation bonds are as follows:

		<b>Governmental activities</b>			
	_	Principal	Interest	Total	
Year ending June 30,					
2011	\$	823,043	327,566	1,150,609	
2012		833,601	298,545	1,132,146	
2013		720,000	263,175	983,175	
2014		755,000	233,313	988,313	
2015		780,000	203,113	983,113	
2016 - 2020	_	3,885,000	477,013	4,362,013	
	\$	7,796,644	1,802,725	9,599,369	

Annual Debt Service requirements to maturity for business-type activities revenue bonds are as follows:

		Electric			
	_	Principal	Interest	Total	
Year ending June 30:					
2011	\$		1,306,650	1,306,650	
2012		625,000	1,297,275	1,922,275	
2013		640,000	1,275,100	1,915,100	
2014		665,000	1,249,000	1,914,000	
2015		695,000	1,221,800	1,916,800	
2016 - 2020		3,985,000	5,560,625	9,545,625	
2021 - 2025		5,085,000	4,427,231	9,512,231	
2026 - 2030		6,580,000	2,884,163	9,464,163	
2031 - 2035	_	6,725,000	800,256	7,525,256	
	\$	25,000,000	20,022,100	45,022,100	

#### Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2010

		]	Ports and Harbors	
	_	Principal	Interest	Total
Year ending June 30:				
2011	\$	185,000	77,879	262,879
2012		180,000	76,550	256,550
2013		185,000	72,950	257,950
2014		190,000	67,400	257,400
2015		195,000	61,700	256,700
2016 - 2020		1,090,000	195,450	1,285,450
2021 - 2025		1,340,000	763,754	2,103,754
2026 - 2030	_	1,635,000	319,586	1,954,586
	\$ _	5,000,000	1,635,269	6,635,269

Annual Debt Service requirements to maturity for business-type activities other contracts and loans are as follows:

		Other proprietary funds				
	-	Principal	Interest	Total		
Year ending June 30,						
2011	\$	43,461	5,283	48,744		
2012		43,461	4,632	48,093		
2013		43,461	3,979	47,440		
2014		43,461	3,327	46,788		
2015		43,461	2,676	46,137		
2016 - 2020	_	134,896	4,182	139,078		
	\$	352,201	24,079	376,280		

### (4) Other Information

### (a) Risk Management

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to theft of, damage to and destruction of assets, third party liability, and errors and omissions; and natural disasters for which the City carries commercial insurance. The City's insurance is on a claims occurred basis, except for public officials, which is on a claim-made basis.

The City participates in the Alaska Public Entity Insurance (APEI), which covers property and contents, torts, general, and auto liability, school leaders errors and omissions, and workers' compensation. APEI is a public entity risk pool that reinsurers risk above certain levels, thereby relieving the members of the need for additional assessments. The Association's bylaws provide for the assessment of supplemental contributions from members in the event that losses and expenses for any coverage year exceed the annual contributions and income earned on such contributions for the year. The Association made no supplemental assessments during the year ended June 30, 2010.

#### Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2010

Claims on insurance have not exceeded coverages in any of the last three years.

### (b) Landfill Closure and Postclosure Care

State and federal laws and regulations require the City to place a final cover on its current landfill when it stops accepting solid waste and to perform certain maintenance and monitoring functions at the landfill for thirty years after closure. To properly account for these estimated closure and postclosure care costs, the City is recording as an operating expense in each period an amount based on landfill capacity used each year of operation. During 2010, the estimated closure and postclosure care costs were reevaluated and adjusted to reflect conditions as of June 30, 2010. As of June 30, 2010, the City has an accrued liability associated with these estimated closure and postclosure care costs of \$4,566,035, based on the use of 46% of the estimated capacity of the landfill. It is estimated that the City will recognize additional \$5,473,165 of expense and liability between July 2010, and the year 2049, the date the landfill is expected to reach full capacity. These amounts are based on what it would cost to perform all the closure and postclosure care functions in 2010. Actual costs of closure and postclosures care may be higher due to inflation, changes in technology, or changes in laws and regulations.

As of June 30, 2010, there are no state laws or regulations that require the City to provide financial assurances for the closure and postclosure care of the landfill. There is a number of allowable mechanisms available. Currently no assets of the City are restricted for payment of closure and postclosure care costs. Future inflation costs and additional costs that might arise from changes in closure and postclosure requirements (due to change in technology or more rigorous environmental regulations, for example) may need to be covered by charges to future landfill users, taxpayers, or both.

### (c) Contingent Liabilities

Under the terms of state and federal grants, periodic audits may be performed by funding agencies and certain costs may be questioned as not being appropriate expenditures under the terms of the grants. Such audits could require reimbursement to the grantor agencies.

In the normal course of its activities, the City is involved in various claims and pending litigation.

Management believes that the outcome of the matters discussed in the preceding paragraphs will not have a material adverse affect on the financial statements of the City. Accordingly, no provision for losses has been recorded.

The Environment Protection Agency has notified the City of its intent to bring an enforcement action for violators of the Clean Water Act, The City and Department of Justice are presently discussing settlement options.

### (d) Construction Commitments

The City entered into various construction contracts to complete different capital projects throughout the year. At June 30, 2008, the General Fund had \$3,554,297 and the Enterprise Funds had \$32,994,723 in outstanding construction commitments. These contracts will be completed in subsequent periods.

#### Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2010

### (e) Retirement Commitments

### Alaska Public Employee Retirement System (PERS)

The City has adopted GASB Statement No. 27, Accounting for Pensions by State and Local Governmental Employees and GASB 45, Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions. GASB Statement No. 27 and GASB Statement No. 45 establish uniform standards for the measurement, recognition and display of pension, and other postemployment benefits other than pensions (healthcare) expenditures/expense and related liabilities, assets, note disclosure and applicable required supplementary information in the financial reports of state and local governmental employers.

*Retirement Plans*. All full-time employees and certain permanent part-time employees of the City participate in the State of Alaska Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS). In addition to the pension plan, the system also administers a postemployment healthcare benefit plan.

*Summary of Significant Accounting Policies.* PERS financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Plan member contributions are recognized in the period in which the contributions are due. The City's contributions are recognized when due and a formal commitment to provide the contributions has been made. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the plan. All plan investments are reported at fair market value or estimated fair market value.

*Plan Description*. The City contributes to the Alaska Public Employees Retirement System (PERS), which includes both a cost-sharing multiple–employer defined benefit pension and postemployment healthcare plans administered by the Commissioner of Administration and the Alaska Retirement Management Board (ARMB). There are currently 160 employers participating in PERS, including the State of Alaska and 159 political subdivisions and public organizations. PERS provides retirement benefits including disability and death benefits and postemployment healthcare to plan members and beneficiaries. The authority to establish and amend benefit provisions is assigned to the ARMB. The Public Employee's Retirement System issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for PERS. This report may be obtained from the system at Pouch C, Juneau, AK 99811.

Benefits vest with five years of credited service. Employees enrolled prior to July 1, 1986 with five or more years of credited service are entitled to annual pension benefits beginning at normal retirement age 55 or early retirement age 50. For employees enrolled after June 30, 1986, but before July 1, 2006, the normal and early retirement ages are 60 and 55, respectively. Employees with 30 or more years of credited service may retire at any age and receive a normal benefit.

Retirement benefits are calculated by multiplying the average monthly compensation (AMC) times credited PERS service times the percentage multiplier. The AMC is determined by averaging the salaries earned during the five highest (three highest for Police/Fire members or members hired prior to July 1, 1996) consecutive payroll years. Members must earn at least 115 days of credit in the last year worked to include it in the AMC calculation. The PERS pays a minimum benefit of \$25 per month for each year of service when the calculated benefit is less.

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2010

The percentage multipliers for police/fire personnel are 2.00% for the first ten years of service and 2.50% for all service over 10 years. The percentage multipliers for all other participants are 2.00% for the first 10 years, 2.25% for the next 10 years, and 2.50% for all remaining service earned on or after July 1, 1986. All service before that date is calculated at 2.00%.

Postemployment healthcare benefits are provided without cost to all members first enrolled before July 1, 1986. Members first enrolled after June 30, 1986 and who have not reached age 60 may elect to pay for major medical benefits.

Pension benefits are adjusted each year based upon increases in the Consumer Price Index (CPI) for the prior year. The increase in the benefits is 75% of the CPI increase up to a 9% maximum for recipients who are at least age 65 or on disability or 50% of the increase up to a 6% maximum for recipients who are at least age 60 but under age 65 or who have been receiving benefits for at least five years. Starting at age 65, or at any age for those employed before July 1, 1986, a retired employee who remains in Alaska is eligible for an additional allowance equal to 10% of the base benefit or \$50 a month, whichever is greater.

*Postretirement Pension Adjustments*. Postretirement pension adjustments (PRPAs) are granted annually to eligible benefit recipients when the consumer price index (CPI) increases during the preceding calendar year. PRPAs are calculated by multiplying the recipient's base benefit, including past PRPAs, times:

- (a) 75% of the CPI increase in the preceding calendar year or 9%, whichever is less, if the recipient is at least 65 or on PERS disability; or
- (b) 50% of the CPI increase in the preceding calendar year or 6%, whichever is less, if the recipient is at least 60, or has been receiving benefits for at least five years.

Ad hoc PRPAs, up to a maximum of 4%, may be granted to eligible recipients who first entered the PERS before July 1, 1986, if the CPI increases and the financial condition of the fund will permit an increase. In a year where an ad hoc PRPA is granted, eligible recipients will receive the higher of the two calculations.

*Funding Policy*. Active PERS members are required to contribute 6.75% (2.00% pension cost and 4.75% postemployment healthcare cost) of their annual covered salary and the City is required to contribute at an actuarial determined rate; the current rate is 35.22% (10.91% pension cost and 24.31% postemployment healthcare cost). The legislature capped the employer rate at 22.00%, with the State of Alaska contributing an on behalf payment for the difference between actuarial required contribution and the cap. The contribution requirements of plan members and the City are established and may be amended by the ARMB.

*Annual Pension Cost.* For 2010, the City annual pension cost of \$2,728,403 for PERS was equal to the City's actual contributions. The State of Alaska contributed \$516,459 on behalf of the City.

#### Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2010

### Alaska Public Employee Retirement System (PERS) – Defined Contribution Plan

*Plan Description and Funding Requirements.* School Districts and Public Employers in the State of Alaska have a defined contribution retirement plan for new hires first enrolled on or after July 1, 2006. Plan members make mandatory contributions of 8.00% of gross eligible compensation. State statutes require the employer to contribute 5.00% of employees' eligible compensation. Additionally, employers are required to contribute 0.83% for the retiree medical plan, 0.30% for occupational and death and disability benefits and 3.00% of employers average annual employee compensation of the health reimbursement arrangement (HRA). The employer effective contribution rate is between 19.57% and 22.00% with difference being allocated the defined benefit unfunded liability (DBUL). Plan members are 100.00% vested with their contributions. Members become vested in employers' contributions as follows:

2 years of service	25%
3 years of service	50
4 years of service	75
5 years of service	100

Plan provisions and contribution requirements and amendments are established by the Alaska Retirement Management Board (ARMB). Total contributions for the year ended June 30, 2010 are as follows:

		Employee	
Defined contribution	\$	126,793	202,868
Retiree medical plan		21,048	
Occupational health and disability benefits		13,075	_
Health reimbursement agreement (HRA)		76,908	

Actual contributions were equal to the annual required contributions.

## Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2010

## (5) Subsequent Event

In September 2010, the City issued \$5,380,000 of revenue bonds to finance capital improvements. These bonds consisted of current interest term bonds maturing in installments as follows:

Maturity dates June 30	 Principal amounts	Interest rate
$\begin{array}{c} 2011-2015\\ 2016-2020\\ 2021-2025\\ 2026-2030 \end{array}$	\$ 1,040,000 1,240,000 1,440,000 1,660,000	$\begin{array}{c} 2.0\% - 4.0\% \\ 3.5 - 4.0 \\ 4.925 \\ 5.432 \end{array}$
	\$ 5,380,000	

# ADDITIONAL SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

## Nonmajor Governmental Funds

### Combining Balance Sheet

June 30, 2010

		Bed Tax		Capital	Total		
Assets		Special Revenue Fund	Community Park Development	Pathways Development	Street Paving	Road to LSA	nonmajor governmental funds
Taxes receivable (net of allowance for uncollectibles) General receivable Due from other funds	\$	12,341 9,317 89,210	53,760	775	392,351	(135,265)	12,341 9,317 400,831
Total assets	\$	110,868	53,760	775	392,351	(135,265)	422,489
Liabilities and Fund Balances							
Liabilities: Accounts payable	\$	_				16,050	16,050
Total liabilities						16,050	16,050
Fund balances: Reserved: Encumbrances Unreserved, reported in: Special Revenue Fund Capital projects		110,868	53,760		392,351	485,325	485,325 110,868 (189,754)
Total fund balances	_	110,868	53,760	775	392,351	(151,315)	406,439
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	110,868	53,760	775	392,351	(135,265)	422,489

### Nonmajor Governmental Funds

### Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances

### Year ended June 30, 2010

		Bed Tax Capital projects					Total
		Special Revenue Fund	Community Park Development	Pathways Development	Street Paving	Road to LSA	nonmajor governmental funds
Operating revenues: Taxes Intergovernmental	\$	149,680					149,680
Total revenues		149,680					149,680
Expenditures: Current: Community support Capital projects		154,684	_	_	2,401	2,106,781	154,684 2,109,182
Total expenditures		154,684			2,401	2,106,781	2,263,866
Excess (deficiency) revenues over expenditures		(5,004)			(2,401)	(2,106,781)	(2,114,186)
Other financing sources (uses): Transfers in Transfers out						704,047	704,047
Net other financing sources (uses)	_					704,047	704,047
Net change in fund balances		(5,004)	_	_	(2,401)	(1,402,734)	(1,410,139)
Fund balances, beginning of year		115,872	53,760	775	394,752	1,251,419	1,816,578
Fund balances, end of year	\$	110,868	53,760	775	392,351	(151,315)	406,439

Bed Tax Special Revenue Fund

## Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund balance - Budget and Actual

Year ended June 30, 2010

		Final budget		Actual amount	Variance with final budget positive (negative)
Revenues: Other	\$	164,000	-	149,680	(14,320)
Expenditures: Current – community support: Unalaska Convention and Visitors Bureau	_	164,000	_	154,684	(9,316)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		_		(5,004)	(5,004)
Other financing sources (uses): Transfers in	_		_		
Net change in fund balance	\$	_	_	(5,004)	(5,004)
Fund balances at beginning of year	_			115,872	
Fund balances at end of year			\$	110,868	
## Nonmajor Enterprise Funds

# Combining Statement of Net Assets

## June 30, 2010

Assets	_	Wastewater utility	Airport	Housing	Total
Current assets: Accounts receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles) Assessments receivable Due from General Fund Inventories Prepaid expenses	\$	127,590 78,570 3,534,039 99,856 —	44,832 1,542,937 	2,880,720	172,422 78,570 7,957,696 99,856 ——
Total current assets	_	3,840,055	1,587,769	2,880,720	8,308,544
Noncurrent assets: Capital assets, net Total noncurrent assets	_	7,701,448	4,271,714	815,926	12,789,088
Total assets	\$	7,701,448	4,271,714 5,859,483	<u>815,926</u> 3,696,646	<u>12,789,088</u> 21,097,632
Liabilities	ۍ =	11,541,505	5,859,485	5,090,040	21,097,032
Current liabilities: Accounts payable Accrued payroll and payroll liabilities Accrued interest Bonds and loans payable Deferred revenue Customer deposits	\$	27,031 107,974 3,772 43,461 1,012 23,368	14,799 9,458  10,000	2,426 9,990  	44,256 127,422 3,772 43,461 1,012 43,939
Total current liabilities Noncurrent liabilities: Bonds and loans payable Advances from General Fund	-	206,618 308,743	34,257	43,533	<u>263,862</u> 308,743 43,533
Total noncurrent liabilities		308,743		43,533	352,276
Total liabilities	_	515,361	34,257	66,520	616,138
Net Assets					
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Unrestricted	_	7,349,244 3,676,898	4,271,714 1,553,512	815,926 2,814,200	12,436,884 8,044,610
Total net assets	-	11,026,142	5,825,226	3,630,126	20,481,494
Total liabilities and net assets	\$	11,541,503	5,859,483	3,696,646	21,097,632

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

## Nonmajor Enterprise Funds

## Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Assets

### Year ended June 30, 2010

	_	Wastewater utility	Airport	Housing	Total
Operating revenues:					
Charges for services Other	\$	1,333,712 27,087	487,655 4,661	156,772 3,327	1,978,139 35,075
Total operating revenues	_	1,360,799	492,316	160,099	2,013,214
Operating expenses: Operations General and administrative Payment in lieu of taxes Depreciation and amortization		787,393 267,574 39,582 458,423	271,836 329,152 38,972 253,780	78,579 60,125 20,106 67,937	1,137,808 656,851 98,660 780,140
Total operating expenses	-	1,552,972	893,740	226,747	2,673,459
Operating loss	_	(192,173)	(401,424)	(66,648)	(660,245)
Nonoperating revenues (expenses): Interest expense	_	(6,866)			(6,866)
Net nonoperating revenues (expenses)	_	(6,866)			(6,866)
Loss before capital contributions and transfers		(199,039)	(401,424)	(66,648)	(667,111)
Transfers in Transfers out	_	48,377		1,400,000 (1,900,000)	1,448,377 (1,900,000)
Loss before extraordinary item		(150,662)	(401,424)	(566,648)	(1,118,734)
Extraordinary item	_				
Change in net assets		(150,662)	(401,424)	(566,648)	(1,118,734)
Net assets, beginning of year	_	11,176,803	6,226,649	4,196,776	21,600,228
Net assets, end of year	\$	11,026,141	5,825,225	3,630,128	20,481,494

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

Nonmajor Enterprise Funds

#### Combining Statement of Cash Flows

Year ended June 30, 2010

	_	Wastewater utility	Airport	Housing	Total
Cash flows from operating activities: Receipts from customers and users Payments to employees Payments to vendors	\$	1,391,915 (213,822) (888,041)	466,916 (494,812) (141,451)	158,370 (30,895) (124,284)	2,017,201 (739,529) (1,153,776)
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	_	290,052	(169,347)	3,191	123,896
Cash flows from noncapital and related financing activities: Transfers in	_	48,378		(500,000)	(451,622)
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities: Principal payments on long-term debt obligations Acquisition and construction of capital assets	_	(43,461) (223,716)		(2,958)	(43,461) (226,674)
Net cash used by capital and related financing activities	_	(267,177)		(2,958)	(270,135)
Change in cash and due from General Fund		71,253	(169,347)	(499,767)	(597,861)
Cash and due from other funds, beginning of year	_	3,462,786	1,712,284	3,380,487	8,555,557
Cash and due from other funds, end of year	\$	3,534,039	1,542,937	2,880,720	7,957,696
Reconciliation to balance sheet: Due from General Fund	\$	3,534,039	1,542,937	2,880,720	7,957,696
Reconciliation of change in net assets to net cash provided (used) by operating activities: Operating loss Adjustments to reconcile operating loss to net cash provided (used) by operating activities:	\$	(192,173)	(401,424)	(66,648)	(660,245)
Depreciation and amortization Changes in assets and liabilities that provided (used) cash:		458,423	253,780	67,937	780,140
Accounts receivable Assessments receivable Inventory Refundable deposits Customer deposits Accounts payable Accrued payroll and payroll liabilities Accrued interest payable Deferred revenue	_	$ \begin{array}{r} 16,402\\ 10,547\\ (2,247)\\ \hline 3,463\\ (13,178)\\ 15,443\\ (7,332)\\ \hline 704\\ \end{array} $	(25,400)  7,030  (5,932) 2,599  	(1,729) (601) 4,232 —	(8,998) 10,547 (2,247) 7,030 1,734 (19,711) 22,274 (7,332) 704
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$ _	290,052	(169,347)	3,191	123,896

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

STATISTICAL SECTION

### State Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs

June 30, 2010

## **Statistical Section**

This part of the City of Unalaska's comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the government's overall financial health.

## **Table of Contents**

	Page(s)
Financial Trends	59 - 66
These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the government's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.	
Revenue Capacity	67 – 71
These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the government's most significant sources of revenue.	
Debt Capacity	72 – 76
These schedules presents information to help the reader assess the affordability of the government's current levels of outstanding debt and the government's ability to issue additional debt in the future.	
Demographic and Economic Information	77 – 79
These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the government's financial activities take place.	
Operating Information	80 - 81
These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the government's financial report relates to the services the government provides and the activities it performs.	

Sources: The City's comprehensive annual financial reports for the previous 10 years, District files, and public records from various local and state agencies.

(This page was left blank intentionally)

### Net Assets by Component

### Last Eight Fiscal Years

(Accrual basis of accounting)

(Amounts expressed in thousands)

						Fiscal year			
	_	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010
Governmental activities: Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Restricted Unrestricted	\$	77,253 293 47,190	77,291 293 51,873	78,163	80,110 	80,437  66,810	77,882	74,518	78,951  60,934
		<u> </u>		·	· .	<u> </u>		<u> </u>	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Total governmental activities	\$	124,736	129,457	132,636	138,830	147,247	150,036	158,668	139,885
Business-type activities: Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Restricted Unrestricted	\$	63,581 261 14,275	62,208 264 18,199	63,230  21,804	68,192  18,384	72,205  20,840	79,963  28,144	67,851 	86,670  54,602
Total business-type activities	\$	78,117	80,671	85,034	86,576	93,045	108,107	119,132	141,272
Primary government: Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Restricted Unrestricted	\$	140,834 554 61,465	139,499 557 70,072	141,393 	148,302 	152,642 	157,845 	142,369 	165,621 
Total primary government activities	\$	202,853	210,128	217,670	225,406	240,292	258,143	277,800	281,157

The accrual basic of accounting was not maintained before 2003.

Table 1

#### Changes in Net Assets

#### Last Eight Fiscal Years

(Accrual basis of accounting)

		2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010
Expenses:									
Governmental activities:									
General government	\$	3,338	3,406	3,942	3,668	3,718	4,023	4,025	3,944
Public safety		3,702	3,704	4,166	4,129	4,228	4,660	4,515	4,577
Public works		4,892	4,371	5,903	5,508	5,608	6,332	6,128	6,347
Parks, culture, and recreation		2,234 841	3,186 770	2,260 771	2,327 841	2,466 776	3,232 797	2,955 853	3,073 843
Community support		3,244	3,484	3,667	3,975	4,102	4,234	4,473	843 4,438
Education support Interest on long-term debt		3,244 342	5,484 410	218	261	4,102	4,234 281	275	4,458 349
Interest on long-term debt									
Total governmental activities expenses		18,593	19,331	20,927	20,709	21,066	23,559	23,224	23,571
Business-type activities									
Electric		5,346	6,108	7,322	10,257	10,014	12,851	10,368	13,954
Water		1,820	1,883	1,814	1,862	1,950	2,199	1,987	2,072
Wastewater		1,289	1,306	1,380	1,438	1,494	1,622	1,532	3,947
Solid waste		2,893	3,234	1,680	3,029	2,061	2,014	1,722	1,814
Ports and harbors		630	523	3,289	3,426	3,360	3,915	4,063	1,560
Airport		1,595	1,642	689	636	568	652	784	894
Housing	_	222	247	231	227	266	304	233	227
Total business-type activities expenses		13,795	14,943	16,405	20,875	19,713	23,557	20,689	24,468
Total primary government expenses	\$	32,388	34,274	37,332	41,584	40,779	47,116	43,913	48,039
Program revenues:									
Governmental activities:									
Charges for services:									
General government	\$	—	20	77	18	—	10	13	65
Public safety		50	66	88	236	305	77	85	29
Public works		99	57			—		_	_
Culture and recreation		200	213	206	117		194	219	204
Operating grants and contributions		1,114	973	928 134	1,077 189	926	923 5	1,275	1,703 63
Capital grants and contributions									
Total primary government activities program revenues		1,463	1,329	1,433	1,637	1,231	1,209	1,592	2,064

#### Changes in Net Assets

#### Last Eight Fiscal Years

(Accrual basis of accounting)

	 2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010
Business-type activities:								
Changes for services:								
Electric	\$ 5,465	6,131	7,760	10,196	10,911	12,867	11,611	10,488
Water	1,989	2,111	2,224	2,177	2,233	2,013	1,937	1,870
Wastewater	793	800	880	922	908	1,199	1,365	3,986
Solid waste Ports and harbors	725 3,858	740 4,114	862 4,210	1,002 4,421	955 4,425	1,115 4,938	1,165 3,681	1,111 1,334
Airport	405	4,114	4,210	308	333	399	425	488
Housing	232	232	243	244	236	201	190	157
Capital grants and contributions	1,511	1,605	419	66	1,189	4,748	2,582	1,162
Operating grants and contributions	 							213
Total business-type activities program revenues	14,978	16,123	16,914	19,336	21,190	27,480	22,956	20,809
Total primary government program revenues	\$ 16,307	17,556	18,551	20,567	22,399	29,072	25,020	20,809
Net (expense) revenue:								
Governmental activities	\$ (17,130)	(18,002)	(19,494)	(19,072)	(19,835)	(22,350)	(21,632)	21,507
Business-type activities	 1,183	1,180	509	(1,539)	1,477	3,923	2,267	3,660
Total primary government net expense	\$ (15,947)	(16,822)	(18,985)	(20,611)	(18,358)	(18,427)	(19,365)	25,167
General revenues and other changes in net assets:								
Governmental activities:								
Taxes:								
Property taxes	\$ 3,952	4,243	3,976	3,971	4,176	4,288	4,257	4,296
General sales tax	5,952	6,436	7,724	9,034	9,292	11,041	10,361	8,863
Raw seafood sales tax	3,667	4,190	3,874	4,188	4,077	4,690	4,044	3,594
Other taxes	588	462	271	229	204	239	266	56
Fisheries tax Grants not restricted to specific programs	6,448	8,077	8,240	7,487	9,384	8,971	9,079	7,094 632
Gain (loss) on disposal of capital assets	6,448 364	212	8,240 190	(14)	105	179	80	(6)
Investment earnings	2,779	370	1,554	1,839	4,166	5,266	5,618	2,650
Other	186	103	552	951	1,639	1,584	2,033	1,326
Transfers	(3,651)	(1,370)	(3,708)	(2,734)	(4,790)	(11,120)	(7,493)	(25,781)
Extraordinary item							2,019	
Total governmental activities	20,285	22,723	22,673	24,951	28,253	25,138	30,264	2,724
Business-type activities:								
Gain (loss) on disposal of capital assets	34	(5)	66	4	_	6	19	(39)
Investment earnings	4	7	3	10	6	_	102	57
Other	(892)	_	76	156	195	13	10	—
Transfers	3,651	1,370	3,708	2,734	4,790	11,120	7,493	25,781
Extraordinary item	 —			_			1,135	
Total business-type activities	 2,797	1,372	3,853	2,904	4,991	11,139	8,759	25,799
Total primary government	\$ 23,082	24,095	26,526	27,855	33,244	36,277	39,023	28,523
Change in net assets:								
Governmental activities	\$ (11,004)	4,721	3,179	5,879	8,418	2,788	8,632	(18,783)
Business-type activities	 3,980	2,552	4,362	1,365	6,468	15,062	11,025	22,139
Total primary government	\$ (7,024)	7,273	7,541	7,244	14,886	17,850	19,657	3,356

Governmental Activities Tax Revenues by Source

Last Eight Fiscal Years

(Accrual basis of accounting)

(Amounts expressed in thousands)

Fiscal Year	 Sales tax	Raw seafood tax	Real property taxes	Personal property taxes	Bed tax	Penalty and interest on taxes	Total
2003	\$ 5,952	3,667	2,792	1,160	126	90	13,787
2004	6,436	4,190	3,011	1,232	110	45	15,024
2005	7,724	3,874	2,768	1,207	179	92	15,844
2006	9,034	4,188	2,607	1,364	162	67	17,422
2007	9,447	4,077	2,813	1,360	160	58	17,915
2008	11,042	4,690	2,905	1,383	210	29	20,259
2009	10,361	4,044	2,893	1,364	172	94	18,928
2010	8,713	3,594	2,967	1,282	150	56	16,762

The accrual basis of accounting was not maintained before 2003.



#### Fund Balances of Governmental Funds

Last Ten Fiscal Years

(Modified accrual basis of accounting)

		2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010
General fund:											
Reserved	\$	1,517	1,251	1,020	3,807	3,274	3,039	2,972	2,924	2,736	3,581
Unreserved		23,994	28,411	33,171	29,622	33,327	38,363	45,360	44,554	49,012	35,014
Total general fund	\$	25,511	29,662	34,191	33,429	36,601	41,402	48,332	47,478	51,748	38,595
All other governmental funds:											
Reserved	\$	3,470	6,346	1,416	978	3,339	1,653	_	_	2,795	3,918
Unreserved, reported in:											
Special revenue funds		3,962	2,477	1,543	2,050	4,236	6,242	9,391	13,111	16,450	3,249
Debt service funds		_	—	562	562	—	—	_	—		—
Capital projects funds				4,609	8,490	3,869	2,900	2,808	5,279	5,612	10,100
Total all other governme	ental										
funds	\$	7,432	8,823	8,130	12,080	11,444	10,795	12,199	18,390	24,857	17,267

Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds

Last Ten Fiscal Years

(Modified accrual basis of accounting)

	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010
Revenues:										
Taxes	12,974	13,191	14,083	15,337	15,738	17,421	17,901	20,232	19,514	16,763
Intergovernmental	8,110	8,606	9,041	7,481	9,708	9,637	11,122	10,699	12,307	12,742
Changes for services	164	174	249	355	372	372	304	281	317	298
Investment income	3,295	2,969	2,779	370	1,554	1,839	4,166	5,266	5,618	2,650
Other	212	218	177	103	105	78	82	85	79	206
Total revenues	24,755	25,158	26,329	23,646	27,477	29,347	33,575	36,563	37,835	32,659
Expenditures:										
General government	2,872	3,143	3,195	3,277	3,431	3,483	3,604	3,549	3,937	4,013
Public safety	3,305	3,566	3,455	3,485	3,967	3,770	3,909	3,807	4,228	4,308
Public works	3,259	3,331	3,534	4,050	4,096	4,140	4,510	4,743	5,016	5,203
Parks, culture, and recreation	1,583	1,715	1,782	1,732	1,764	1,799	1,956	2,053	2,101	2,139
Community support	833	948	841	770	766	841	777	797	853	843
Education support	2,257	2,540	2,678	2,790	2,919	3,253	3,379	3,511	3,750	3,736
Debt service:							- ·-			
Principal	849	359	325	270	285	321	347	363	379	771
Interest Other	358	355	342	328	225 46	262	242	224	237	337
	8,246	3,198	4,355	2,644	4,026	4,593	1,955	1,286	3,753	6,379
Capital projects							· · · · ·			
Total expenditures	23,562	19,155	20,507	19,346	21,525	22,462	20,679	20,333	24,254	27,729
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	1,193	6,003	5,822	4,300	5,952	6,885	12,896	16,230	13,581	4,930
Other financing sources (uses):										
Proceeds from long term deb	_	_	_	_	_	_	227	226	4,648	_
Refunding bonds issued	_	_	_	_	3,319	_	_		_	255
Payments to refunded bond escrow agen	_	_	_	_	(3,272)	_	_	_	_	(248)
Transfers in	2,360	6,331	5,210	6,366	1,754	2,052	831	3,753	6,905	13,206
Transfers out	(2,544)	(6,792)	(8,230)	(7,736)	(5,462)	(4,784)	(5,621)	(14,872)	(14,398)	(38,987)
Other	—	_		258	245	_	_		_	102
Prior period adjustments/accounting ??			1,034							
Total other financing sources (uses)	(184)	(461)	(1,986)	(1,112)	(3,416)	(2,732)	(4,563)	(10,893)	(2,845)	(25,672)
Net change in fund balance	\$ 1,009	5,542	3,836	3,188	2,536	4,153	8,333	5,337	10,736	(20,742)
Debt service as a percentage of noncapital expenditures	8.0%	5.0%	4.0%	4.0%	3.0%	3.0%	3.0%	3.0%	3.0%	5.0%







#### General Governmental Tax Revenues by Source

Last Ten Fiscal Years

(Modified accrual basis of accounting)

Fiscal year	Sales tax	Raw <b>seafood</b> tax	Real property taxes	Personal property taxes	Bed tax	Penalty and interest on taxes	Total
2001	5,416	3,065	2,749	1,116	103	62	12,511
2002	5,281	3,329	2,762	1,142	114	101	12,729
2003	5,851	3,663	2,746	1,146	126	90	13,622
2004	6,331	4,190	2,977	1,221	110	45	14,874
2005	7,598	3,874	2,788	1,207	179	92	15,738
2006	9,012	4,188	2,779	1,214	162	67	17,422
2007	9,447	4,077	2,813	1,360	160	58	17,915
2008	11,042	4,690	2,905	1,383	210	29	20,259
2009	10,368	4,619	2,892	1,367	172	93	19,511
2010	8,713	3,594	2,967	1,282	150	56	16,762



# Assessed and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property

## Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Real property		Real property Personal property			tal	Ratio of
Fiscal year	 Assessed value	Estimated value	Assessed value	Estimated value	Assessed value	Estimated value	assessed value to estimated
2001	\$ 233,099	277,499	95,305	113,458	328,404	390,957	84
2002	233,857	285,192	98,524	120,151	332,381	405,343	82
2003	233,345	245,627	97,674	102,814	331,019	348,441	95
2004	252,583	255,135	104,454	105,509	357,037	360,644	99
2005	235,921	268,092	101,591	115,444	337,512	383,536	88
2006	235,911	291,248	103,313	127,547	339,224	418,795	81
2007	238,939	324,687	115,906	156,124	354,845	480,811	74
2008	246,322	328,429	117,384	156,512	363,706	484,941	75
2009	284,432	320,884	125,775	141,894	410,207	462,778	89
2010	329,903	378,069	122,778	140,704	452,681	518,773	87

Table 8

# CITY OF UNALASKA, ALASKA

# Property Tax Rates All Governments Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Total city millage rate (1)
Fiscal year:	
2001	11.78
2002	11.78
2003	11.78
2004	11.78
2005	11.78
2006	11.78
2007	11.78
2008	11.78
2009	10.50
2010	10.50

(1) The rate is per thousand dollars of assessed value. There are no restrictions or mandates on the rate.

Note: There are no overlapping governmental units.

## CITY OF UNALASKA, ALASKA

### Principal Real Property Taxpayers June 30, 2010

### (Amount expressed in thousands)

	2010				2000*			
Taxpayer		Taxable assessed value	Rank	Percentage of total taxable assessed value		Taxable assessed value	Rank	Percentage of total taxable assessed value
Ounalashka Corporation	\$	88,682,856	1	27%	\$	83,284,198	1	36%
Westward Seafoods		24,888,000	2	8		30,008,788	2	13
Unisea		22,106,750	3	7		24,330,300	3	11
Alveska Seafoods		19,534,094	4	6		16,546,884	4	7
Western Pioneer		15,705,118	5	5				_
Offshore Systems		10,419,100	6	3				_
Valdez Petroleum		3.868.000	7	1		_		_
Puget Sound Tug & Barge		3,786,300	8	1				_
Strong Holdings		3,027,790	9	1		_		_
Telco Properties	_	1,945,300	10	1				
Total taxable assessed value	\$	193,963,308		60%	\$	154,170,170		67%

Information for the top 10 real property taxpayers is not available for 2000.

## CITY OF UNALASKA, ALASKA

Principal Electric Utility Customers

June 30, 2010

(Amount expressed in thousands)

			2010				2006*	
Taxpayer		Receipts from customer	Rank	Percentage of total electric utility customers billed		Taxable assessed value	Rank	Percentage of total electric utility customers billed
American President Lines	\$	1,748,017	1	17% \$	5	1,957,151	1	19%
Horizon Lines, LLC		1,255,556	2	12		1,070,717	3	10
City of Unalaska		1,133,290	3	11		1,181,967	2	11
Alaska Ship Supply		489,504	4	5		299,363	9	3
Safeway		483,906	5	5		507,355	5	5
Kloosterboer		386,538	6	4		_	_	_
North Pacific Fuel		374,603	7	4		461,612	6	4
Unalaska School District		366,933	8	3		316,463	7	3
Coastal Transportation		318,969	9	3		_	_	_
Pacific Stevedoring, Inc.		290,177	10	3		301,660	8	3
Alaska Commercial Company				_		203,484	10	2
Harbor Crown	_					672,326	4	6
Total taxable assessed value	\$	6,847,493		67% \$	5_	6,972,098		66%

\* Information not available prior to FY06 due to software conversion.

Property Tax Levies and Collections

## Last Ten Fiscal Years

(Amounts expressed in thousands)

Fiscal year	 <u>Fotal tax levy</u>	Current tax collections	Percent of levy collected	Delinquent tax collections	Total tax collections (1)	Percent of total tax collections to tax levy	Outstanding delinquent taxes	Percent of delinquent taxes to tax levy
2001	\$ 3,869	3,844	99.35	22	3,866	99.9	31	0.8
2002	3,915	3,893	99.44	11	3,904	99.7	55	1.4
2003	3,899	3,863	99.08	29	3,892	99.8	42	1.1
2004	4,206	4,188	99.57	11	4,199	99.8	53	1.3
2005	3,976	3,966	99.75	30	3,996	100.5	40	1.0
2006	3,996	3,983	99.67	11	3,994	99.9	14	0.4
2007	4,180	4,167	99.69	9	4,176	99.9	14	0.3
2008	4,284	4,278	99.86	4	4,282	100.0	22	0.5
2009	4,307	4,260	98.91	2	4,262	99.0	13	0.3
2010	4,299	4,249	98.84	6	4,255	99.0	57	1.3

Table 12

Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type

# Last Ten Fiscal Years

# (Amounts expressed in thousands, except per capital amount)

Fiscal year	Governmental activities General obligation bonds	Business Type activities harbor bonds	Electric fund bonds	Total primary government	Percentage of personal income	Per capita
2001 \$	6,353	2,024		8,377	7 \$	1,956
2002	5,963	1,658	_	7,621	6	1,881
2003	5,708	1,275		6,983	5	1,591
2004	5,438	870		6,308	4	1,445
2005	5,498	443		5,941	4	1,383
2006	5,176	_		5,176	3	1,314
2007	4,830	_		4,830	3	1,313
2008	4,467	_		4,467	3	1,258
2009	8,558	_	25,000	33,558	*	9,164
2010	7,796	5,000	25,000	37,796	*	*

\* Data unavailable or incomplete.

Table 13

# Ratios of General Bonded Debt Outstanding

## Last Ten Fiscal Years

# (Amounts expressed in thousands, except per capital amount)

Fiscal year	General obligation bonds	Percentage of estimated actual taxable value of property	Per capita
2001 \$	6,353	1.68	\$ 1,483
2002	5,963	1.53	1,472
2003	5,708	1.41	1,301
2004	5,438	1.56	1,246
2005	5,498	1.52	1,279
2006	5,176	1.35	1,314
2007	4,830	1.15	1,313
2008	4,467	0.93	1,258
2009	8,557	1.76	2,337
2010	7,796	1.68	*

\* Data unavailable or incomplete.

Direct Governmental Activities Debt (1)

June 30, 2010

Jurisdiction deb	ling City of Unalaska	City of Unalaska	
Direct: City of Unalaska \$ 7,796		% \$ 7,796,64	

(1) Direct debt is long-term debt and does not include long-term liabilities such as internal advances, accrued landfill closure costs, or compensated absences.

Note: There are no overlapping governmental units.

# CITY OF UNALASKA, ALASKA

# Legal Debt Margin Information June 30, 2010

There is no legal debt margin for municipalities in the State of Alaska.

## CITY OF UNALASKA, ALASKA

Pledged-Revenue Coverage

## Electric Fund

Fiscal year	 Operating revenues	Operating expenses (1)	Income from operations	principal	Interest	Total	Coverage (2)
2009	\$ 11,610,609	10,365,709	1,244,900		_	_	*
2010	10,488,583	10,146,531	342,052	_	169,547	169,547	2

(1) Operating expenses exclude depreciation and payments in lieu of tax (PILT).(2) Rates are required to generate net revenues equal to or greater than 135% times annual debt payments

\* The revenue bond was issued January 8, 2009 and there were no payments during fiscal year 2009.

### **Demographic Statistics**

### Last Ten Fiscal Years

Calendar year	Unalaska population (1)	Aleutians west region personal income (amounts expressed in thousands) (2)	Aleutians west region per capita personal income (2)	Unalaska school _enrollment (3)	Aleutians west region unemployment (4)
2000	4,283	114,549	22,694	352	5.0%
2001	4,283	118,525	30,191	351	5.7
2002	4,051	131,086	24,778	393	6.4
2003	4,388	144,666	25,096	399	6.3
2004	4,366	145,599	26,279	399	6.4
2005	4,297	150,950	28,120	398	5.7
2006	3,940	156,600	32,103	386	5.6
2007	3,678	155,597	33,318	388	5.6
2008	3,551	166,328	36,127	403	5.6
2009	3,662	*	*	403	7.3
2010	*	*	*	*	*

\* Data unavailable or incomplete.

 Source – Alaska Department of Community and Economic Development
 Source – U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis: Statistics are kept for the region, not for (2) Source - Unalaska.
(3) Source - Unalaska City School District: Official fall count of calendar year

(4) Source - Alaska Department of Labor: Statistics are kept for the region, not for

the City of Unalaska.



## Principal Employers

	2010**		2000*				
Employer	Range number of employees	Employees	Rank	Percentage of total city employment			
Unisea, Inc.	750-999	688	1	29%			
Westward Seafoods, Inc.	500-749	349	2	15			
Alyeska Seafood, Inc.	250-499	194	3	8			
City of Unalaska	100-249	162	5	7			
Pacific Stevedoring Inc.	50-99						
American President Lines, Ltd.	50-99	61	9	3			
Unalaska City School	50-99	68	8	3			
Safeway, dba Eagle Quality Centers	50-99						
Harbor Crown Seafoods, Inc.	20-49						
Iliuliuk Family and Health Services	20-49						
Petro Star, Inc., dba North Pacific Fuel		182	4	8			
Western Pioneer, dba Alaska Ship Supply		100	6	4			
Royal Aleutian Seafood		89	7	4			
Western Power and Equipment	—	33	10	1			
Total annual average number of employees		2,363					

Source: Alaska Department of Labor, Research and Analysis Section based on average monthly employment Calander Year 2006 and 2000

\* Alaska Department of Labor has not maintained these statistics prior to 2000; therefore, we have included the earliest Alaska Department of Labor has not maintained these statistics prior to 2000; therefore, we have included the earliest

\*\* Alaska Department of Labor can no longer give an exact number of employees due to new federal regulations. Therefore, we have included ranges for number of employees.

#

### Full-Time Equivalent City Government Employees by Function

#### Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Fiscal year									
Function	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010
General government:										
Council	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96	0.96
Manager	1.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00
Administration	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00
Clerk	3.00	3.24	3.24	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00
Finance	12.00	12.50	13.25	13.00	12.25	12.25	12.25	11.50	11.50	11.50
IS	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00
Planning	2.75	2.75	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00
Public safety:	24.00	23.00	23.00	23.00	23.00	23.00	23.00	22.00	22.00	22.00
Correction	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00
Fire protection	2.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00
Public works:										
Public works administration	7.00	7.00	7.00	7.00	7.00	7.00	7.00	7.00	7.00	7.00
Streets and roads	10.50	10.50	10.50	10.50	10.50	10.50	10.50	10.50	10.50	10.50
Supply	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00
Vehicle department	6.00	6.00	6.00	6.00	6.00	6.00	6.00	6.00	6.00	6.00
Building maintenance	7.00	7.00	7.00	7.00	8.00	8.00	8.00	8.00	8.00	8.00
Parks, culture, and recreation:										
Community center	11.30	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00
Libraries	4.38	4.38	4.75	4.75	4.75	4.50	4.50	4.50	4.50	4.50
Community pool	4.13	4.13	4.38	4.38	4.38	4.63	4.63	5.50	5.50	5.50
Public utilities administration	3.00	2.00	1.00	1.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00
Electric	13.00	13.00	13.22	13.00	13.00	13.00	13.00	13.00	13.00	13.00
Water	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00
Wastewater	2.67	3.67	3.67	3.67	3.67	3.67	3.67	3.34	3.34	3.34
Ports and airport	10.50	10.50	10.50	11.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00
Solid waste	4.33	4.33	4.33	4.33	4.33	4.33	4.33	4.33	4.33	4.33
Total employees	150.52	154.96	155.80	155.59	154.84	154.84	154.84	153.63	153.63	153.63

#### Operating Indicators by Function

#### Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Fiscal year										
Function	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	
Police:											
Custodies	321	420	453	479	391	395	443	420	337	320	
Fire:											
Fire response	44	31	35	30	40	19	22	36	24	37	
Burn permits	102	120	101	87	121	117	150	145	159	116	
Fire safety	49	63	90	51	42	27	29	45	31	26	
EMS:											
EMS ambulance Calls	319	328	289	320	267	320	208	176	191	107	
Public works:											
Building permits issued	54	27	24	12	22	32	29	43	28	55	
Parks, culture, and recreation:											
Community Center admissions	*	*	*	66,396	73,146	79,340	113,971	84,904	72,532	84,134	
Aquatic center attendance	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	18,500	19,072	
CC & aquatic center volunteer hours	*	*	4,493	4,810	2,823	4,710	4,303	1,175	2,280	1,334	
Library volunteer hours	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	840	410	
Library circulation	68,781	70,083	86,404	73,546	96,632	107,079	130,823	83,976	197,743	183,497	
Library attendance	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	110,960	115,735	
Electric:											
Power generated MW	29,474	28,392	28,313	29,818	31,107	33,185	33,491	31,443	35,705	30,060	
Water:											
Water produced (MG)	867	1,049	1,111	1,219	1,213	1,161	1,208	1,042	1,093	971	
Daily pumping capacity (MGD)	2	2	2	2	2	2	4	4	4	_	
Total daily capacity (MGD)	10	10	10	10	10	10	5.5-13	5.5-13	13	—	
Wastewater:											
Average daily treatment (MG)	_	1	_	_	1	_	1			—	
Solid waste:											
Tons of waste collected	7,547	8,152	8,556	8,467	8,671	9,533	8,496	6,702	6,785	6,061	
Cubic yards of waste collected	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	9,234	8,637	
Ports and harbors:											
UMC vessel calls	578	552	554	564	533	458	437	520	407	334	
UMC wharfage tons	327,165	393,247	225,270	413,869	448,078	444,338	465,491	464,549	286,698	363,038	
Airport:											
Passengers	57,186	59,515	57,300	54,499	59,941	58,618	57,654	58,431	53,624	52,613	
* Data unavailable or incomplete											

\* Data unavailable or incomplete.

#### Capital Asset Statistics by Function

#### Last Ten Fiscal Years

Function	Fiscal year									
	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010
Public safety:										
Police:										
Stations	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Fire:										
Stations	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Response vehicles	8	8	8	8	8	8	6	6	7	7
EMS:										
Ambulances	3	3	3	3	3	3	2	2	2	2
Public works:										
Miles of public roads	40.2	40.2	40.2	40.2	40.2	40.2	40.2	40.2	40.2	40.2
Miles of paved roads	5.8	5.8	5.8	5.8	5.8	6.6	6.6	6.6	6.6	6.6
Street lights	107	107	107	107	107	107	107	179	179	179
Flashing/cautionary lights	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9
Number of bridges	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7
Parks, culture and recreation:										
Community Center	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Library	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Parks	6	6	6	6	8	8	8	8	8	8
Swimming Pool	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Electric:										
Number of city owned power plants	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Number of sub-stations	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Water:										
Wells	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
Surface water treatment facilities	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Miles of water lines	23	23	23	23	23	23	23	23	23	23
Number of connections	497	497	497	497	593	598	555	599	599	599
Wastewater:										
Sanitary sewers MH's	340	340	340	352	352	352	352	353	353	353
Miles of sewer lines	16.5	16.5	16.5	16.8	16.8	16.8	16.8	16.9	16.9	16.9
Lift stations	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9
Solid waste:										
Landfills	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Ports and harbors:										
Dock facilities – lineal feet of docking:										
Unalaska Marine Center (UMC)	1,140	1,140	2,051	2,051	2,051	2,051	2,051	2,051	2,051	2,051
Spit Dock facility	1,975	1,975	1,975	1,975	1,975	1,975	1,975	1,975	1,975	1,975
Light Cargo Dock	340	340	340	340	340	340	340	340	340	340
Small Boat Harbor	1,232	1,232	1,232	1,232	1,232	1,232	1,232	1,232	1,232	1,232

(This page was left blank intentionally)